ANNUAL REPORT 2016

LEADING EXPLORATIVE ADVERTISING & DIGITAL

บริษัท ประกิต โฮลดิ้งส์ จำกัด (มหาชน) Prakit Holdings Public Company Limited.

รายงานประจำปี 2559

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Board of Directors' Report to the Shareholders

Thailand's economy in 2016 was still in recession, following the previous year, when the global economy was not as active as expected, especially in the European Union (EU). There was no unity among the EU member countries like Great Britain who wanted to exit from the European Union (Brexit). Many other countries had a tendency to follow suit. This caused a lack of unity in solving the European economic problems, which resulted in a weakening economy. It was only the US whose economy seemed to be slightly better. Other powerful countries in Asia such as China, Japan and South Korea are still holding steady. All this has had some negative effects on Thailand, (whose GDP mainly depends on exports), by as much as 70% because exports from Thailand in 2016 did not increase. In fact there was 0% growth when compared to 2015. However, the Thai government had invested and developed significantly in infrastructure, particularly in transport and communication, which are able to stimulate the economy to some extent. Meanwhile in 2016, the tourism sector, which has brought a lot of revenue into the country for many years, generated revenue of 2.5 billion baht and maintained a growth rate of 11.1%. Some 32 million tourists visited Thailand that year, making our country the world's Number One tourist destination. We believe it will continue to generate strong income for Thailand long into the future.

As for the advertising industry in Thailand, 2016 was yet another year that suffered from recession. The ad spend in 2016 amounted to 107.9 billion baht marking a slump of 11.7%. This was because the economy was still inactive, forcing both global and local companies to slash their advertising and marketing budgets. This reflected in a slowdown situation coupled with the departure of our Great King in October 2016. Thai people were saddened and were in no mood to be amused or entertained. This situation was sustained over the last three months of 2016. The marketing of many products and services came to a halt, which caused the advertising industry to plunge to its lowest point. Our company's advertising business in the first nine months of 2016 was almost the same as in 2015, but, like others, was heavily affected in the last quarter. Yet, we could make a profit of about 59 million baht, which we considered an admirable effort given the situation we faced. As for the construction of our "Ruam Chai Raks" hospital project in collaboration with Saha Union Pcl, it is in the final stage of a request for Environmental Impact Assignment (EIA) approval. The result is expected to be known soon. Once we have approval, we will start our construction immediately. It will take about 3 years to complete the project.

For the dividend payment of this year (2016), which will take place in May, our company's committee has made the following resolutions:

1. No need to set aside cash reserves for further legal requirements as they have all been met.

2. Pay out dividend in stock up to a total of 5,495,480 shares at a par value of 1 baht per share to

the shareholders at a ratio of 10 old shares to 1 dividend share, up to a maximum total of

5,495,480.00 baht. This is equal to a dividend of 0.10 baht per share. In the case that there is

any remaining share after the dividend payout, the cash will be paid (instead of stock) at 0.10

baht per share.

3. Pay dividend in cash at 0.10 baht per share for a total amount of no more than 5,495,480.00 baht.

So, the total dividend payment both in cash and stock will be 0.20 baht per share, for a total

amount of approximately 11 million baht. We will deduct withholding tax from the total dividend

amount in accordance with the law. The withholding tax will be paid in cash.

The reason why the company's committee has decided to pay the dividend in stock is because we

currently have registered our capital at 60 million shares, however in November 2016 we reduced our

capital by over 5 million shares, making the circulated shares less than the 60 million shares as

registered. Secondly, we had to return benefits to the shareholders, who mainly held shares for long-

term, as well as satisfying them with our regular annual dividend payment to have more shares at a

ratio of 10 to 1. In 2014 we bought back the stock from FCB of America at 13.70 baht per share which

was equal to the book value at that time. But on December 31, 2016, our net asset per share was 15.48

baht (at a par value of 1 baht), resulting in the cost of company's dividend this year to be 1.47 baht per

share.

As for the prospects of Thailand's advertising business, we expect the advertising industry this

year will pick up following the projection of Thailand's economic growth of 3.5% - 4.00%, since the

government has invested a lot in infrastructure, together with a consistently robust tourism industry.

The exports in January and February 2016 have also picked up. Our group of companies has good

signs of growth, especially from the second quarter of 2017 onwards. We believe that our company's

performance in 2017 will certainly be better than last year.

(Prakit Apisarnthanarax)

C. Cepniters

Chairman of the Board of Directors

Audit Committee Report

The Audit Committee was appointed by the Board of Directors. The Audit Committee comprised of Dr.Pichai Charnsupharindr, Chairman; and Dr.Manoon Pahirah and Mr.Sommanous Na Bangchang, Members.

The Audit Committee performed its duties and responsibilities as assigned by the Board of Directors. This year, the Audit Committee held 4 meetings to review with the Management and the external auditor as summarized below:

1. Review of financial reports

The Audit Committee reviewed quarterly, annual, and consolidated financial statements. All adequate information in connection with the related transaction had been disclosed and complied with accounting standard under generally accepted accounting principles. Each year the Audit Committee and the external auditor held a meeting without the Management.

2. Review of internal control

The Audit Committee reviewed the internal control of the Company and agreed that the internal control system was adequate and effective for the type of business. Moreover, the Audit Committee proposed to the Board of Directors the setting up of an internal audit section for improving its internal control standard. The Board of Directors considered and approved the hiring of an internal auditor effective from year 2017.

3. Review of risk management

The Audit Committee reviewed the Company's risk management policy, management plan and operations and discussed with Management the area where risk might occur and preventive measure that could be applied.

4. Appointment of the external auditor for 2017

The Audit Committee selected Bunchikij Co.,Ltd. as the Company's external auditor for the year 2017, and proposed as auditors, Mr.Pornchai Kittipanya-ngam, and/or Mrs.Suwanee Kittpanya-ngam, and/or Mr.Thanakorn Fakfaipol of Bunchikij Co. Ltd. They would be proposed to the Annual General Meeting for approval.

Pichai Charnsupharindr, Ph.D.

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Chairman

Audit Committee

1. POLICY AND BUSINESS OVERVIEW

1.1 <u>Vision and Mission of the Company</u>

<u>Vision:</u> Growing Together

The Company grew up in advertising industry together with the stakeholders.

Mission: The greatest assets are our people.

- Our people's talents create great value to our clients,
- Works we produce add value to the stakeholders and the community at large.
- These values flow through everything we do, it allows us all to prosper in a synergistic manner.
- Operating our business with good governance, anti-corruption and responsible for stakeholders and society.

1.2 <u>Significant changes and developments</u>

In the year 1978, the Company started off (registered) as an advertising company under the name "Prakit & Associates Company Limited" with Mr. Prakit Apisarnthanarak as the founder. Afterward, the Company joint-invested with Foote, Cone & Belding International Corp. (FCB) which then was the top three advertising agency in the USA and set up new company namely "Prakit and FCB Company Limited "in 1986, became a Public Company in 1992 and the Company was listed in the Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET) in 1993.

In 1999, the Company registered the new name as Prakit Holdings Public Company Limited and stepping into

- 1. Investment in subsidiaries, associated and other companies.
- 2. Providing management service, consultancy for accounting, finances and other services for group of companies and other companies.
- 3. Providing media strategic planning and operating as a media buying agent.

As well as subsidiaries and associated companies provides advertising materials and other advertising concerned.

Significant changes and developments

April 2011

Approving the increased paid-up capital of the Company from the existing 59,484,000 shares to 60,000,000 shares to senior executives (including any senior executive who are directors) of the Company and its subsidiaries under the ESOP Scheme.

January 2014

Approving the investment amounted USD 22,500 in Prakit Advertising Co., Ltd. in Myanmar or 90% of issued shares of the Company.

March 2014

Approving the Share Repurchase Program for Financial Management Purposes, of which the budget is not exceeding Baht 79,460,000. The Company will repurchase up to 5,800,000 shares, representing 9.67% of the issued 60,000,000 shares of the Company.

April 2014

Changing in major shareholding structure of the Company as IPG Group (FCB) which held 14,800,000 shares or 24.67% of the Company's issued shares sold its shares. Yet after transaction completed, there was not any new shareholder possessed more than 5% of issued shares of the Company.

The period of the sale of the repurchased shares will be from January 4, 2016 to 18 November 2016 by selling the repurchased share on The Stock Exchange of Thailand.

July 2014

Changing the Company's Securities Symbol from P-FCB to PRAKIT.

October 2014

Approving Prakit Advertising Limited (a subsidiary) to invest in the new company named "Bangkok Writer and Partners Limited".

July: 2015

1. Approving the Company to acquisition 7,500 ordinary shares and purchase 2,992,500 newly issued ordinary shares with a par

value of Baht 100.00 per share at the price of paid-up capital of Baht 100.00 per share in Sukhumvit 62 Medical Limited. "Medical", a total 3,000,000 shares or 300 million Baht, or 35.41 percent of registration shares of "Medical".

2. Approving to the sale of land, (7 deeds), comprising a total area of 3 rai, 1 ngarn and 54 square wah at Soi Sukhumvit 62, Sukhumvit road, Bangchak, Pra Khnong, Bangkok to Sukumvit 62 Medical Limited at an agreed the total purchase price of 250.3 million Baht.

November 2016

Approve to written off treasury stocks and decrease the registered and paid up capital by written off the 5,045,200 unsold treasury stocks. After the capital decrease, the paid up share of the Company will amount to Baht 54,954,800 devided into 54,954,800 shares at a par value of Baht 1.00 each.

1.3 <u>Structure of the Shareholding in the Company</u>

Company and the Group of Companies operate advertising and public relations which is highly competitive with rapid communication development and changes. It is essential, therefore, to have very experienced persons who can deliver maxiized benefits in all perspective to clients. The company arranged the types of business to fit with the expertise of human resource in the group of companies.

Operational Policy for the group of companies

Advertising and Public Relations which are highly competitive with rapid communication development. It is essential, therefore, to have very experienced persons in specific fields to deliver maximized benefits in all perspective to clients. The company arranged the types of business to fit with the expertise of human resource in the group of companies.

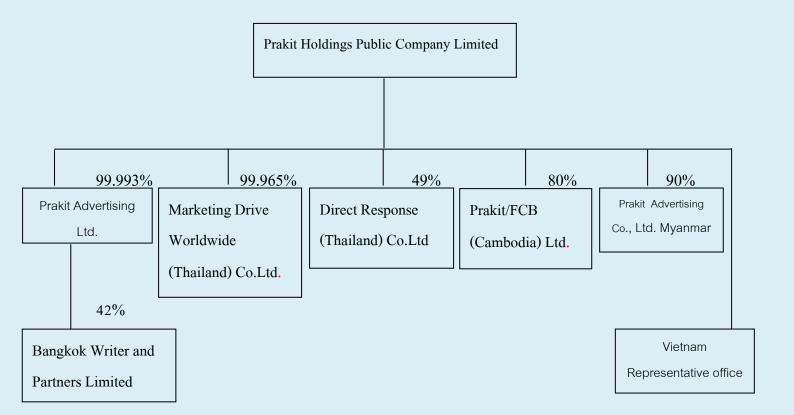
- Media strategic planning and media broker. These jobs need experienced persons to handle. The Company provides services for every company in the group in buying all media at the best cost for clients.
- 2. Providing advertisement materials, the process of works starts from strategic planning who develops strategy so that creative teams can create works that answer to the planned strategy. Subsidiary companies will be responsible for the said creation while account management teams will bridge creative people with strategic, media and clients, making sure that the whole process will go smooth, fast and successful as planned.
- 3. Direct advertising (event) covers special marketing activities which better reach target consumer, enabling them to make decision to buy client's service or products. There are various types of activities, such as, new product launches, exhibitions, road show and product sampling.
 - It is necessary that we had specialist team who could get things done within time limit and workaround to bring success to the activities.
- 4. Public Relation The nature of this business is to get across the activities and development of clients to consumers. Public Relation is a very effective channel for the job. The Company must have good connection with PR persons of all media for such activities as press conference, press release, etc.
- 5. As for business in Indo-China, the office in each country will take charge of all types of work in cooperation with the specialist local companies.

Summary of Associated and Subsidiary Companies

1.	Prakit Advertising Limited	Company's share	99.993%
2.	Marketing Drive Worldwide (Thailand) Ltd.	Company's share	99.965%
3.	Prakit/FCB (Cambodia) Ltd.	Company's share	80%
4.	Prakit Advertising Co., Ltd (Myanmar)	Company's share	90%
5.	Direct Response (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Company's share	49%

Besides, Prakit Advertising Limited invested in the new company named "Bangkok Writer and Partners Limited" with 42% share.

Besides, Prakit Advertising Limited which is the subsidiary of the Company held 42% share of Bangkok Writer and Partners Limited.



Note:

- Direct Response (Thailand) Company Limited of which 51% shares are held by Miss
 Pavinee Apisarnthanarax and Mr. Anucha Apisarnthanarax. Both are authorized Directors
 of Direct Response (Thailand) Company Limited.
- 2. Prakit/FCB (Cambodia) Ltd. with 20% shares held by 2 Thais, each has 10% shares and are not related parties of the Company.
- 3. Prakit Advertising Limited (Myanmar) with 10% shares held by 1 Thai who is not related party of the Company

4. Bangkok Writer and Partners Limited with 58% shares held by

•	Mr. Apirak Apisarnthanarak (Company's Managing director)	8%
•	Mrs.Thanaporn Boonyangyuen	20%
•	Mrs. Phanita Chaichanavitchakit	5%
•	Mr. Ratrong Srilert	25%

Mrs. Thanaporn Boonyangyuen, Mrs. Panita Chaichanavitchakit and Mr. Ratrong Srilert are not related persons nor have conflict of interest in the company.

2. Type of business

2.1 Revenue structure

Revenue structure of Company and subsidiaries-to financial budget (of) from 2014-2016

Product line	Operate by	%of share	2016	%	2015	%	2014	%
			Revenue'000	20.20	Revenue'000	20.62	Revenue'000	24.20
1.Revenue from media planning	Prakit Holdings PCL.	-	81,511	20.20	100,497	20.62	77,783	21.29
and buying brokerage	Prakit Advertising Co.,Ltd.	99.99	54,167	13.42	60,152	12.34	54,418	14.89
	And subsidiaries.		2,472	0.61	392	0.08	716	0.20
			138,150	34.23	161,041	33.04	132,917	36.38
2. Revenue from product	Prakit Holdings PCL.	-	90,451	22.41	66.621	13.67	75,630	20.70
advertisement	Prakit Advertising Co.,Ltd.	99.99	100,944	25.01	91.730	18.81	100,726	27.57
	Associated and subsidiaries		8,553	2.12	2.127	0.44	-	-
			199,948	49.54	160,478	32.92	176,356	48.27
3. Revenue from public Relation	Marketing Drive Worldwide (Thailand)							
and Direct Advertising	Co.,Ltd.	99.96	29,446	7.30	47,288	9.70	32,645	8.94
			29,446	7.30	47,288	9.70	32,645	8.94
4. Revenue from other investments	Prakit Holdings PCL.	-	26,767	6.63	12,100	2.48	19,387	5.31
	Prakit Advertising Co.,Ltd.	99.99	7,818	1.94	2,718	0.56	3,572	0.98
	And subsidiaries.		1,450	0.36	307	0.06	436	0.12
			36,035	8.93	15,125	3.10	23,395	6.41
5. Revenue from selling property	Prakit Holdings PCL.	35.41	-	-	103,538	21.24	-	-
for investment.								
	total		403,579	100.00	487,470	100.00	365,313	100.00

2.2 Product types of the Company, subsidiaries, and affiliates.

a) Providing media strategic planning and operating as a media buying agent.

Product types

Media strategic planning and media buying is responsible by the Media Department who will study clients' products before effectively planning and buying as planned. After client's approval, media team who act as client's agent will contact TV channels, digital TV, program producers, print medium, sign board or billboard and others for buying. Company charges brokerage (Agency commission) from media buying.

Market and competition

The Company provides media strategic planning and is a medium size media buying agent in the industry. The main used is TV commercial because of the price rate. Company must have solid connection with business partners in order to get ads-rate that satisfies clients.

New media, especially online media, can effectively reach consumer. Thus the Company has to monitor all the consumer behavior changes in order to recommend the best of interest for clients.

b) Producing all types of advertising.

Product types

Production of TV commercials, Web TV, all print materials, radio spots and else.

With the following units, Company creates ad works that will effectively impact customers:

Strategic planning

The insight, target consumer's behavior analysis and all the factors that affected their decision procedure will be utilized for strategic and marketing communication plan. There are 5 steps of operation starting from learning – understanding – triggering of idea – crafting the idea to get access to consumer – last but not least is turning the idea into clever and tangible piece of work.

<u>Creative Department</u>

From the strategic plan, Creative team will create and present alternative advertising concepts for clients to choose from. Option which clients deem spotting on to consumers will be developed into completion.

Market and competition

The growth of advertising industry largely depends on national economy. If the economy is good, budget allocation from client is high hence advertising business will glow. On the contrary, if and when economy struggles, client will reduce advertising budget which will badly impact advertising business. For the utmost effectiveness, Company has to propose holistic integrated advertising plan which is in line with client's marketing plan for the product.

Drastic competition is going on in advertising business such as cutting service fee to earn the job. Good advertising that bring success to clients is a factor which keep them with us. The Company maintains solid relationship to keep current clients as well as expanding new client base.

The following is how to win new clients:

1) Acquiring through pitching

The company has been invited to enter new business pitches against other agencies. The winner will be awarded the handling of advertising production and planning for clients.

2) Acquiring through personal relationship of the management.

After over 20 years in the business - with a number of widely recognized works – with the ingenuity of the Company's Directors and executive management who has broad personal connection with people in various industries, all of which enhance client base for the Company.

3) Contact potential clients

The Company directly contacts potential clients to make presentation of credential and portfolio. The Company will start to work on details for further step if clients show interest.

2.3 Providing products and services

There are 3 types of products and services affiliated and subsidiary companies produce:

- Print materials
- TV commercials
- Radio spots

1. Producing Print materials

Print materials mean advertising in press, magazines. journal, leaflet, pamphlet including signs of internal and external of the building. Print materials include billboard, bus side, in-bus ad, sky train, train, bus shelter, in the air terminal and etc.

Productions vary in term of technique. Publishing technology for press ad is different from other materials which depend on the design and creation of visual and copy. Computer graphic is the technology utilized in creating layout for presentation. Until satisfying client, Company will proceed to artwork and advertisement which needs computerized technology and varieties of technique.

Such technology needs knowledgeable and experienced personnel, on-going development of human resource and equipment. Budget and time frame should be taken into serious consideration when working on print materials.

Ingenuity of personnel in each unit could be an issue when comes to print materials. Computer graphic experts must be able to efficiently solve problems arising without affecting on budget and timing.

2. TV commercial production

A TV commercial, although, is 60 - 30 or 15 second length of time, it takes the least one month on production stage. It needs close cooperation between Creative and production teams, all of whom must profoundly understand the core of the work

and in all details before the production get started. Any mistake will cost the company.

Production steps of a TV commercial

- 1. Get to know the structure and story of the board thoroughly well among the teams which means both video and audio
- 2. Internal Pre-production is the preparation step which includes casting, location selection, props, wardrobe, etc. Decision in all items will be made before proceeding on to client.
- 3. Pre-production meeting is where and when Company and production house persons present all the details which has been agreed upon internally for client to acknowledge and approve. Any disapproval, Company will adjust for approval.
- 4. Shooting of commercial to cover all details as per agreed with client.
- 5. Post production is the step when the shot materials be cut to tell story, put special technique and sound to complete the commercial before aired.

Advertising agency will make sure that client will approve each and every of the 5 steps. Problems and obstacle arise during the production stage are details and budget control. With the length of 30 – 60 seconds, the production must cover all the planned details. Besides, with the long hours work and high budget, the Company must employ highly capable person in the field who has experience to select the right production company, who can take control in every step to avoid error. And most importantly is to control budget and ensure the production time frame as planned.

3 Producing radio spot

Although the production process of radio spot is not as complicated as TV commercial, it specially needs a sound expert titled as sound producer.

Production process for radio spot

- 1. Sound producer gets brief on the idea of the script from creative team and agree on the announcer for the script.
- 2. Sound recording of voice and sound effects.
- 3. Sound Mixing the process of mixing of voice and sounds upon agreement.
 Problems and obstacle of sound producing is that it needs a sound specialist who can recommend announcer suitable for the idea of the script and take control of the whole process.

Environmental friendly

As the Company's product is services, the issue of environmental friendly can be handled from within. Energy saving and recycling are a part of Company's policies which help cut operational cost.

2.4 Non-handed over works

- None -

3. RISK FACTORS

3.1 Business risk

Advertising business faces the following risk factors:

1. Loss of principal clients. Under the current competitive situation, the Company and group of companies may lose all or part of the earning from principal clients which would significantly affect the company's revenue.

As such, the group of Companies has to put effort to get the opportunity to present ourselves to prospects.

Development of the staff must be carried on simultaneously in order to improve quality of works and services which will eventually win new clients.

2. The increase of TV channel and TV digital rate. There are occasional increases in media rate card which may decrease client's advertising volume. However, that does not

affect advertising budgets which have been planned beforehand. In addition, the increase on media rate card doesn't affect the agency income because agency commission is calculated from the agreed rate multiplied with cost of media billings.

- 3. The increase of production cost for advertising materials. The effect will be similar to the increase of media rate card.
- 4. The decrease of agency commission and service fee rate. Currently, the competition in advertising industry is so fierce as to cut the rate of agency and service fees. Inevitably, the Company has to cut down the afore-mentioned rate in order to maintain the existing clients as well as to acquire new ones. The associated and subsidiary companies will put effort in earning new business and revenue to make up for what was decreased. A policy to control costs and expenses is also in action.
- 5. The power of online media. Consumers find online media interesting, such as, FACEBOOK, INSTAGRAM, LINE, etc., consequently, online advertising expands rapidly. Company has to adjust to match consumer behavior changes or else media usage would not meet the objective for effectiveness as planned.

3.2 <u>Legal Risk</u>

At the moment, law enforcement on the prohibition of advertising on cigarette and alcoholic products is in action. The enforcement will be applied to other products sometimes in the future. It is fortunate that at present the associated and subsidiary

companies do not service clients with prohibited products. But if there is any in the future, the group of companies will advise client to strictly comply to the law.

3.3 Personnel risk

Human resource is a key factor in advertising business. As a specialist in their field, they are very much sought after. Agency is at the risk of losing them any time.

Company realizes that our people are our greatest assets as mentioned in the Mission.

Thus, Agency implements policy to develop staffs with on-going trainings, arrange activities which strengthen relationship between the management and staffs. Last but not least is the provident fund scheme, zero-interest loan and etc.

4. ASSETS USED FOR BUSINESS

4.1 Fixed assets of the company and its subsidiary and associated companies

Land and building. The Company is located at 88 Soi Sukhumvit 62, 3rd intersection, Sukhumvit Road, Bangchak, Prakanong, Bangkok. This land and building belong to the Company and have been mortgaged to the Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited-Vibhawadi-rangsit Branch as collateral for a 30 million baht credit line for overdrafts facilities of its subsidiary and related companies.

<u>Land</u> The Company has 1 plot of land which is the land at Sukhumvit Soi 50 totaling 708 square wah has been leased out with 28 years contract of lease started from May 9, 2001 until September, 2029.

Value of land and building on land at December 31, 2016 is as follows:

(For company)		Baht
Land	(At cost)	101,026,000.00
Land Improvement	(At cost)	2,699,157.82
Building and improvement	(At cost)	95,032,072.93
Total		198,757,230.75
Less Accumulated Deprecia	tion	68,670,946.08
Net book Value		130,086,284.67

The subsidiaries and associated companies invested in many types of computer software for business operation.

4.2 <u>Investment policy in Associated and subsidiary companies</u>

The Company invested in associated and subsidiary companies according to types of business and clients.

In addition, the Company invested in overseas locations of the associated and subsidiary

companies as per the request of major clients in Thailand. Beyond that, it is the vision of the

management for potentiality and opportunity.

Moreover, the Company has policy of expansion from the current advertising business,

such as, providing marketing consultancy, packaging design, web design and web TV. All of

which are the trend of today's advertising business.

The Company may diversify to other business if opportunity allows and with joint investor

in order to generate long term returns to Company and shareholders.

4.3 <u>Valuation of assets</u>

The plot of land which was above-mentioned in 4.1 and which is not where the Company

situated on, was fairly and approximately valuated by a valuation company at 125.32 million baht.

(Financial Statement as at December 31, 2016 disclosed this fair value on the Notes of the

financial statement no. 12 Investment property).

5. LEGAL CASES

A subsidiary company took one of the clients to court case claiming an

approximate amount of 8.0 million baht because of financial crisis. The two parties later on

came to a compromise. Client agreed to pay on installment.

However this subsidiary has already accrued allowance for bad debt for this client.

6. GENERAL AND OTHER IMPORTANT INFORMATION

6.1 General information

Company name: Prakit Holdi

Prakit Holdings Public Company Limited

Office address:

88 Soi Sukhumvit 62, 3rd intersection, Sukhumvit Road, Bangchak,

Prakanong, Bangkok 10260, Thailand.

Company register no. 0107535000389

Telephone no.

(662) 7153000

Facsimile no.

(662) 3328522

Website:

www.prakit.com

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Registered capital: Ordinary share 94,438,800 shares of 1 Baht par value

Issued and fully paid up capital: 54,954,800.00 baht or 54,954,800 shares.

Type of business: Media strategic planning, media buying and invest in associated and

subsidiary companies with advertising business or concerned, and other

business types for the expansion of Company's business.

Summary of Associated and Subsidiary Company

Associated Companies

(1) Detailed information about Direct Response (Thailand) Limited

Company Name: Direct Response (Thailand) Limited

Office address: 88 Soi Sukhumvit 62, Section 3, Sukhumvit Road, Bangchak,

Prakanong, Bangkok. 10260, Thailand.

Type of business: Direct advertising and Public Relation.

Type and amount of shares: Registered type of ordinary 2,000 shares of 1,000.00 baht par value,

issue and fully paid up.

Number of shares held by the Company: Ordinary share of 980 shares which is 49% of issued

and fully paid-up.

(2) Detailed information about Bangkok Writer and Partners Limited

Company name: Bangkok Writer and Partners Limited

Office address: 88 Soi Sukhumvit 62, 3rd intersection, Sukhumvit Road,

Bangchak, Prakanong, Bangkok 10260, Thailand.

Type of business: Media strategic planning and media broker and creating

advertisement, special events and Public Relation.

Type and amount of shares: Registered type of ordinary 100,000 shares of 100.00

baht par value, issued and fully paid up.

Number of shares held by the Company: Prakit Advertising Limited holds 42% of issued and

fully paid-up shares or 42,000 shares.

(3) Detailed information about Sukhumvit 62 Medical Limited

Company name : Sukhumvit 62 Medical Limited

Address : 77 Sukhumvit 62, Sukhumvit road, Bangchak

Phra Khanong, Bangkok 10260

Type of business: Private hospital

Type and amount of shares: Ordinary share of 8,272,500 shares, par value of 100 Baht

issued and paid up as follow

1. Ordinary share of 100,000 shares – fully paid up.

2. Ordinary share of 8,172,500 shares - 50% paid up.

Number of shares held by the Company: Ordinary share of 3,000,000 shares at 35.41% of the

issued shares with the following

1. Ordinary share of 7,500 shares – fully paid up.

2. Ordinary share of 2,992,500 shares - 50% paid up.

Subsidiary Companies

(1) Detailed information about Prakit /FCB (Cambodia) Limited

Company Name: Prakit /FCB (Cambodia) Limited

Office address: No.11, St.430, Sangkat Phsar Doem Thkov, Khan Chamkarmorn,

Phnom Penh, Cambodia.

Type of business: Media broker and creating advertisement.

Registered Share: Ordinary share 500 shares of US\$50.00 par value

Number of shares held by the Company: Ordinary share 400 shares which is 80% of issued and

fully paid-up.

(2) Detailed information about Prakit Advertising Limited

Company name: Prakit Advertising Limited

Office address: 88 Soi Sukhumvit 62, 3rd intersection, Sukhumvit Road,

Bangchak, Prakanong, Bangkok 10260, Thailand.

Type of business: Media broker and creating advertisement.

Registered Share: Ordinary share 100,000 shares of 100.- par value, issue and fully

paid-up.

Number of shares held by the Company: Ordinary share 99,993 shares which is 99.993% of

issued and fully paid-up.

(3) <u>Detailed information about Marketing Drive Worldwide (Thailand) Limited</u>

Company Name: Marketing Drive Worldwide (Thailand) Limited

Office address: 88 Soi Sukhumvit 62 Section 3, Sukhumvit Road, Bangchak,

Prakanong, Bangkok. 10260, Thailand.

Type of business: Direct advertising (event) covers special marketing activities which

better reach target.

Registered Share: Ordinary share 20,000 shares of 100.- baht par value, issue and

fully paid-up.

Number of shares held by the Company: Ordinary share 19,993 shares that is 99.965% of issued

and fully paid-up.

(4) Detailed information about Prakit Advertising Co. Ltd

Company name: PRAKIT ADVERTISING Co.,Ltd.

Office address: Twin Centro Condominium, Unit E#605,

6 Floor, Sanchaung township, Yangon, Myanmar.

Type of business: Media broker and creating advertisement, direct advertising (event)

and Public Relation.

Registered Share: Ordinary share 500 shares of USS 100 par value, 50% issued

and fully paid-up.

Number of shares held by the Company: 90% of issued and fully paid-up.

Other reference information

(A) Registrar

Thailand Securities Depository Co., Ltd.

93 SET building, Fl. 14, Rachadapisek Road,

Dindaeng, Dindaeng, Bangkok 10400

Tel. 0-2009-9378 Fax 0-2009-9476

(B) Auditor

Mr. Pornchai Kittipanya-ngam and/or Mrs.Suwanee Kittipanya-ngam

and/or Mr. Thanakorn Fakfaipol,

Bunchikij Co.,Ltd.

87/102-103 Modern Tower Building, 9th Floor, Ekamai Soi 3, Sukhumvit 63 Rd.,

Klongton-Nua, Wattana, Bangkok 10110.

Telephone no. (66) 2382-0414

Facsimile no. (66) 2381-5849

(C) Legal advisor

Mr. Siwa Tishabiramya

Attorney Certificate No. 13357/2529

44/86 Moo 11, Soi Charoenpattana, Tiwanont Road,

Taladkwan, Mueng, Nonthaburi.

6.2 Other reference information

- None-

7. CAPITAL AND SHAREHOLDERS INFORMATION

7.1 <u>Issue and fully paid-up capital</u>

There was authorized share capital of 94,438,800.00 baht with ordinary shares of 94,438,800 shares 1.00 baht par value, issued and fully paid-up capital 54,954,800 ordinary shares, 1 baht each, totally 54,954,800.00 baht.

The company doesn't have any other shares with different conditions than ordinary share such as, preferred share.

7.2 <u>The shareholders</u>

The name and the shareholding ratio of the major shareholders as at April 4, 2016 and December 29, 2016 are as follow:

No.	Shareholders	Amount held	%
1	Prakit and Associates Co., Ltd. **	13,710,600	24.95
2	Apisarnthanarak		
	Mr.Prakit Apisarnthanarax	5,382,600	9.79
	Ms.Pavinee Apisarnthanarak	2,693,594	4.90
	Mr.Anucha Apisarnthanarak	2,637,393	4.80
	Mr.Apirak Apisarnthanarak	2,733,093	4.97
3	BNP PARIBAS SECURITIES SERVICE,	3,376,000	6.14
	LONDON BRANCH		
4	Promart International Company Limited	1,460,000	2.66
5	Mr. Piyanat Sinchai	1,244,000	2.27
6	Mr. Wichai Jiracharoenkijkul	1,015,500	1.85
7	MR. Pridiyathorn Devakula	1,000,000	1.82
8	Mr. Joompol Suwattanapong	609,100	1.11
9	Ms. Wichuda Grairithikul	579,500	1.05
10	Mr. Manop Supaktrmontri	519,000	0.94
	Total	36,960,780	67.26

Remark: ** Prakit and Associates Co., Ltd., which had advertising business before joining with FCB. Now it changes its business to investment in stock market. There is no business relationship except directorship.

7.3 Other capital

None

7.4 <u>Dividend payment policy</u>

The company has the policy to pay dividend not less than 60% of normal net profit.

There is no dividend policy in associated and subsidiary companies but dividend payment is subject to Board of Directors consideration of the company's overall operation result and future projects (if any) and propose to shareholders getting approval.

Detailed information of dividend payment data during the past 5 years

Detail information	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Dividend payment / share	1.00	0.80	1.00	1.00	0.75
% of Net Profit	108.12	93.63	77.13	63.04	63.68

^{*} Dividend payment percentage for year 2015, was calculated from Net Operating profit which did not include net gain from sales of investment property.

8.1 Board of Directors

The Board of Directors of Prakit Holdings Public Company Limited consists of 8 directors as :

Names		Position	Appointed Year	Term in Director
1. Mr. Prakit	Apisarnthanarax	President	December 28, 199	2 25
2. Mr. Phisal	Prahasdangkura	Vice President	December 28, 199	92 25
3. Mr. Pheecha	Chaochotechuang	Director	December 28, 199	92 25
4. Mr. Apirak	Apisarnthanarak	Managing Direc	tor/	
		Director	April 24, 2008	9
5. Mr. Vichien	Nakintanond	Director	December 28, 199	92 25
6. Dr. Pichai	Charnsupharindr	Independent Director /		
		Audit Committe	e April 25, 2005	12
7. Mr. Sommanous	Na Bangchang	Independent Director/		
		Audit Commit	tee December 28,	1992 25
8. Dr. Manoon	Pahirah	Independent Dir	ector /	
		Audit Committe	e April 26, 2004	. 13

Noted: Mr. Apirak Apisarnthanarak was appoint to be Managing Director on March 16, 2016. The Company Director is appointed by Company's shareholders according to the following rules and regulations,

- 1. One shareholder holds the number of votes as of the amount of shares.
- 2. The shareholders must use all the entitled votes according to (1). Votes for either one or more persons to be a Director(s) which he/she cannot divide and specify the number of votes among them.
- 3. The persons who get highest votes respectively will be the Directors which must meet the number required. If and when there are more voted persons than needed, the Chairman will make the final decision.

Each year, one third of Company's Directors must leave the post. If and when it does not make the precise number, the closest to the one third of the number will be the final.

The Directors who are retiring by rotation may be re-appointed.

The Company authorized directors

The signatory Directors consist of Mr. Prakit Apisarnthanarax, Mr. Phisal Prahasdangkura Mr. Pheecha Chaochotechuang, Mr. Apirak Apisarnthanarak, two of directors sign with the Company seal. There is no restriction on the authority of Directors.

The authority of Company's Directors

The authority of Directors are defining policy, directing the operation in accord with policy within the rules and regulations of the Company, related rules of law as well as the resolutions of the shareholders meeting.

Authority of the Company's policy are

- 1. Set policy, objective and annual budget
- 2. Take into considerations the quarterly result of the Company and group of companies
- Take into considerations the investment in new projects, acquisition and disposition of Assets.
- 4. Take into considerations and approval salary adjustment, bonus for the management and staffs.
- 5. Take into considerations the appointment and end of Directors, audit committee, company's secretary, subcommittee, subsidiary company's Directors and executive management as well as defining the Directors' remuneration.
- 6. Interim dividend payment.
- 7. Direction governance and management with integrity, good moral, follow the Company's rules and regulations, related rules of law and the regulations of the Stock Exchange of Thailand and Securities and Exchange Commission.

Board of Directors Meeting

Name	The Board of Directors Meeting
1. Mr. Prakit Apisarnthanarax	14/14
2. Mr. Phisal Prahasdangkura	14/14
3. Mr. Pheecha Chaochotechuang	14/14
4. Mr. Vichien Nakintanond	14/14
5. Dr. Pichai Charnsupharindr	4/14
6. Mr. Sommanous Na Bangchang	14/14
7. Dr. Manoon Pahirah	4/14
8. Mr. Apirak Apisarnthanarak	14/14

8.2 <u>Executive Management</u>

As of December 31, 2016, Executive Management was management team of the Company consisted of 5 members as follows:

1. Mr. Prakit	Apisarnthanarax	Executive President
2. Mr. Phisal	Prahasdangkura	Executive Vice President
3. Mr. Apirak	Apisarnthanarak	Managing Director
4. Mrs. Siri-orn	Chernpipat	Executive Media Director
5 Miss Wichuda	Grairithikul	Chief Finance officer

Authority of Executive Management

- Set strategic plan and management according to the policy defined and approved by Board of Directors.
- 2. Define annual budget and propose to Board of Directors.
- 3. Prepare and present investment projects to Board of Directors.
- 4. Report results of Company's operations to the audit Committee and Board of Directors.
- 5. And more as assigned by Board of Directors.

8.3 Secretary of the Company

Miss Wichuda Grairithikul

** History of Board of Director, Executive Management and Secretary of the Company in enclosed document I

8.4 Remuneration of Directors and management

Company's Board of Directors defined the Directors' remuneration policy as follow:

- Remuneration for Directors who are not management and thus without salary for that.
 The remuneration depends on duty and responsibility of the Directors
- 2. Meeting allowance is paid for independent Directors to attend Board of Directors meeting, Audit committee meeting and shareholders meeting.

In 2016, total remuneration for directors was as follows:

Company

1. <u>Cash remuneration</u>

Directors name list	Remuneration and Meeting allowance
1. Mr.Phisal Prahassadangura	1,200,000.00 baht
2. Mr.Preecha Chaochotechaung	1,440,000.00 baht
3. Mr.Vichien Nakintanond	360,000.00 baht
4. Mr.Sommanous Na Bangchang	240,000.00 baht
5. Dr.Pichai Charnsupharindr	50,000.00 baht
6. Dr.Manoon Pahirah	50,000.00 baht

2. Other Benefits

Group Accident Insurance and Medical Expense totally 194,443.00 Baht

Moreover, Company paid the remuneration to Directors who were Executive Management and Executive Management Member as salary, bonus and other benefits was Baht 11,476,738.74.

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries Companies did not pay to Director in cash or other benefits for the position of Directors.

Subsidiary Companies paid the remuneration to Director who were Executive Management and Executive Management Member as salary, bonus and other benefits was Baht 6,415,745.00.

8.5 <u>Human Resource</u>

As at December 31, 2016, staff of the Company and subsidiary are as follow:

	Company	Subsidiaries
Management	5	10
Media	40	-
Account team/Creative/Strategic	-	60
planning		
Administration	47	21
Total	92	91

The remuneration as salary, bonus, provident fund and social insurance contribution totaled

Company	Subsidiary
57,716,250.01 Baht	74,393,288.95 Baht

Employee development policy

The responsibility of staff of the Company and subsidiaries was to service clients. It was essential that they have had experiences and skills in the area. The Company therefore consistently provided trainings for staff in various levels as follow:

- 1. The Company singled out staff for outsource training, after which they would pass on what they learned to other staffs in the Company.
- 2. Inviting experts from outside to give trainings internally.

9. CONTROLLING SYSTEM

9.1 <u>Controlling policy</u>

The objective of the Company's Board of Directors is to develop the corporation to a sustainable growth, to be responsible for the stakeholders and society, to enhance staff development according to Company's mission. Above all else, the Company sets strict rule to prevent corruption in the corporation.

9.2 <u>Subcommittee</u>

1. The Audit Committee

The Audit Committee consists of 3 independent directors appointed by The Company's Board of Director #4/2016 on February 24, 2016 each with 3 years term, as follows:

1. Dr. Pichai Charnsupharindr Audit Committee Chairman

2. Dr. Manoon Pahirah Audit Committee Member

3. Mr. Sommanous Na Bangchang Audit Committee Member with financial and

accounting Knowledge

4. Ms. Wichuda Grairithikul Audit Committee Secretary

<u>Duties and Responsibilities of Audit Committees:</u>

Audit Committees will report the following duties and responsibility to the Company's Board of Directors

- 1. To review and ensure that the company's financial disclosure are accurate and sufficient.
- 2. To ensure that the company has appropriate and effective internal control and internal audit systems.

- 3. To monitor that the company complies with the securities and Exchange Acts, regulation of the SET, and any related business laws.
- 4. To consider, select, nominate, propose audit fee and have meeting with the Company's auditors twice a year.
- 5. To consider that the company complies with all connected transaction disclosures or the conflict of interest disclosures.
- 6. To carry out the assignment from the Board of Directors, which is agreed upon by the Audit Committees.

Participation in the Audit Committee meeting

In 2016, the Audit Committee held 4 meeting attended by the following:

Name	Audit Committee meeting
1. Dr. Pichai Charnsupharindr	4/4
2. Dr. Manoon Pahirah	4/4
3. Mr. Sommanous Na Bangchang	4/4

2. The Executive Management

The Company Executive Management follow up policy defined by the Company Board of Directors by setting operational plan accordingly.

The followings are duties and responsibilities:

- 1. Prepare operational plan and annual budget.
- 2. Ensure that operation is according to the plan.
- 3. Present business information to Company's Board of Directors.

3. Committee on Corporate Social Responsibility and sustainability of the organization

The Committee consists of

1. Company's Managing Director

- 2. Company's Secretary
- 3. Human Resource Director
- 4. Representatives from associates and subsidiaries

Duties and Responsibilities

- 1. Determine the operation to prevent corruption in the corporation.
- 2. Plan staff development of the group of company.
- 3. Plan and operate social responsibility activities.

9.3 Appointment of Board of Directors and Executive

The Company has not appointed the Appoinment Committee. Director of the company will be determined by the board of Directors for qualification, competence and experience, including not prohibit by Public Limited Company ACT and The Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 2535.

For appointment policy for independent directors, the Company stipulates the qualifications of Independent Directors as follows:

- 1. Must hold no more than 1% of all voting share in the Company, its subsidiaries, affiliates or others which may cause a conflict of interests, which is inclusive of shareholding of one relating to the Independent Director
- 2. The Director must not or never be part of the management, employee, consultant with regular salary nor with controlling authority over the Company, its subsidiaries, affiliates or others which may cause a conflict of interests for at least two years.
- 3. Must not be related, in anyway, to Executives, major shareholders who has controlling authority or a nominee for Executive or a person who has controlling authority over the Company or its subsidiaries.
- 4. Must have no business relation with the Company, affiliates or others which may cause a conflict of interests that could lead to the lack of independent judgement. Must not be major shareholders, director or management of the partners of the Company, its

- subsidiaries, affiliates or others which may cause conflict of interests for at least two years.
- 5. Must not be external auditor of the Company, its subsidiaries, affiliates or others which may cause conflict of interest. And must not be major shareholders, directors or partner of auditor company which audit the Company, its subsidiaries, affiliates or others which may cause a conflict of interest for at least two years.
- 6. Must not or never be the company of professional services including legal consultant or financial consultant which earn service fee of more than two million baht per year from the Company, its subsidiaries, affiliates or others which may cause a conflict of interest and must not be major shareholders, directors or partner of the Company providing this professional services for at least two years.
- 7. The Director must not be appointed to represent the Company's director, major shareholders nor shareholders related to Company's major shareholders.
- 8. Must not have any characteristic causing incapability to make independent comment on the Company's operation.

9.4 <u>Directing the operation of subsidiary and associated companies</u>

Policy of the Company is that the Board of Directors appoints or selects qualified persons to be Directors and Executives of subsidiaries to take best care of the Company's investment.

The Board of subsidiary company appoints the Managing Director and senior Executives to define the operational policy for maximum benefits of the subsidiaries.

Directors of the Company define policy for subsidiary companies. The appointed Directors and Executives hold the authority to make decision in the line of business operation except for the cases which require approval from the Company's Board of Directors

9.5 <u>Internal Information Policy</u>

The company's policy does not allow directors, executives, spouses and children who has not become the legal age to use the internal information of the Company for personal benefits prior to public disclosure. Company's Board of Directors will determine penalty according to each incident.

The Company has informed the Board of Directors and senior executives of the responsibility to report changes in the holding of Company's capital within 3 days.

9.6 Remuneration of The Audit Committee

In 2014, The Company and Subsidiaries paid BunchiKij Company Limited as follow:

- 1. Remuneration for auditing at Baht 1,202,000.00
- 2. Other services None

9.7 <u>Good Corporate Governance</u>

Policy on corporate governance

The Board of Directors have well recognized the importance of Good Corporate Governance and adopted a policy to ensure that all corporate business is conducted in accordance with high standards of Corporate Governance with legally and ethically accepted corporate practices as well as complies with the Securities and Exchanges Acts, regulation of the SET and the resolution of the shareholder's meeting constantly.

Prevention of corruption

The Company set the operation policy to prevent corruption within the company as follows:

- 1. Directors, executives and staff of group of companies are prohibited to accept or support or take part in corruption neither nor indirectly.
- 2. The Group of companies totally prohibit bribe acceptance including gifts in all forms.
- 3. Staff must not ignore overlook any deemed corruption and must report to executive with full responsibility. Company will give full protection and justice to the reporter while investigates the issue.

4. Company will give training to Directors, executives and staff of how to prevent corruption as well as developing ethical performance.

The Company mentioned in the Company's regulations were how to tip and complain:

- 1. Staff will tip or complain to the Company
- The tip or complaint must follow the chain of command to higher level or to Audit Committee
- 3. The chief commander who got tip or complaint will appoint a person to conduct investigation within 7 days.
- 4. Upon the investigation and correction, the person who gave the tip or complaint will be notified within 15 days. If and when the person found the result not satisfactory, appeal can be made to the committee.
- 5. The staff who submitted tip and complaint will be ensured of not being terminated, punished or any bad consequence would incur.

Rights of stakeholders

Company realizes the importance of the rights of the stakeholders. The Board of Directors stipulates a process to build cooperation between the Company and employee, customers, partners, competitors and shareholders.

Employee

The Company takes care of its staff with appropriate and fair returns of provident fund, transportation service, birthday activities and training. In 2014, the Company provides both outsources and internal trainings, encourages staff to participate in variety of activities. For example, urging creative teams to enter their creative works to win awards

Customers

The Company has the policy to develop quality works for clients, so that they meet with success, to take care of clients' benefit and operate strictly according to agreement.

<u>Partners</u>

The Company has the operation policy of equality and ethic with all business partners, strictly honoring agreements and conditions.

Competitors

Being a member of the Advertising Association, the Company strictly follows the rules and regulations of the Association which enhances fair and square business competition.

Shareholder

The Company has policy to comply with the principle of Good Corporate Governance regarding the equitable treatment of Shareholders. The Company has given an opportunity to our shareholders to propose agendas and nominate persons to be elected as directors at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in advance.

For year 2016, the Company announce on the Company's website and submit to SET on November 1st 2016.

Society

**** Detailed in item 10.

Shareholder Meeting

The Company provides meeting invitation, reference prior to each meeting with opinion of the Board of Directors, Shareholders can propose additional agenda. There is complete and accurate meeting report for the shareholders to cheek. Moreover, information about the shareholders' meeting has been posted beforehand in the Company's website: www.prakit.com. Then invitation letter includes the way to post questions in advance.

The Board and the management always conduct the shareholder's meeting in fair and square and equality manner.

Board of Directors

The Board of Director take part in setting the vision, business plan, annual budget and monitors the management performance to ensure that operation is carried out with accuracy and effectiveness.

President of the Board represents major shareholders

The President is not the Managing Director. The Company's Board of director Organization consists of Independent Directors which is more than one-third of the whole Board in order to balance management monitoring.

Board of Directors' meeting

The Board of Directors will regularly hold meeting and there will be additional agenda if deemed necessary. Agenda will be set beforehand. There are regular operational monitoring. Secretary of the Company will prepare letter of invitation, agenda and documents 7 days in advance so that the Board of Directors has enough time to get acquainted with the information.

Transparency Disclosure

The Company has disclosed important and complete information with transparency via the Stock Exchange of Thailand.

The Company stipurates that the President, the Managing Director and Secretary of the Company are responsible for disclosing appropriate information to the stakeholders as well as granting analyst and investors a meeting with Company's Director on advance appointment.

Director's Reporting

The Board of Director is responsible for the Consolidated and the Company Financial Statements and the financial information as shown in the annual report.

The financial statements had been prepared in accordance with Thai General Accepted Accounting Standard. Significant accounting policies includes consistency prudence and accruals. With discrete, diligence and the best of judgment, the Company has disclosed enough significant information in the notation of budget section.

Conflict of Interest

The Company's Board of Directors and Executive have been informed of legal and ethical conflict of interests and related transactions guidelines. The Company has disclosed, in accordance with the regulations of Stock Exchange of Thailand, information, detail and reason/necessity, if any, in the Company's annual report and the 56-1 form.

Remuneration for Directors and Management

The Company takes into consideration remuneration paid in similar types of business to pay for Company's Directors and Management. This is meant to draw highly qualified professionals to join for a long period of time.

As at December 31, 2016, the Company Directors consisted of:

1.	The Board of Directors	8	consisted of
	Executive Directors	4	
	External Directors	1	
	Independent Director	3	
2.	Audit Committee	3	consisted of
	Independent Committee	3	
3.	Executive Management	5	consisted of
	Company's Director	3	
	Non Company's Director	2	

Company's Directors come from various direction. Executive Directors have long time experience with the Company's business whereas External Directors are specialist of art and marketing to support the operation of Excutive Board. Independent Directors are Audit Committee

who control and audit performance of Executive Board, which is a combination of committee and non-committee specilists to ensure that everything is in accordance with Company's policy.

10. SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Company, subsidiaries and associated enhance the policy of creating quality and ethical works.

The Company's core business is providing services, being a broker and producing advertisement which means the Company must send the accurate message across to consumer. Company must be responsibility for

<u>Customers</u> Create awareness of consumers for clients' products.

<u>Consumers</u> Generate Clients' product's information to customers with accuracy - hence the product becomes an option for customers.

<u>Partners</u> Be available for business partners to make presentation, such as, production houses. Take into consideration the capability, price, etc. There must be at least 3 alternative houses.

<u>Competitors</u> Define policy of competition with ethic. The Company defines policy of ethical competition. No defamation on competitors.

Employees

The Company's core business is service. Thus, employees are Company's valuable asset who will receive fair employment and variety of welfare schemes beyond legal definition, which are equally accessible to all employees.

- Provident fund. To encourage employees to save for security after retirement, the Company set up Provident Fund. All employees have the right to be member.
- Group accident and life insurance. The Company provides group accident and life insurances for all employees.
- Welfare loan. The Company provides interest free loan for employees wanting to buy cars. A committee is appointed to be responsible for loan allocation in accord with the Company's policy.- Training. Each year, Company's executives will set policy and training guidelines for employees.

Human Resource department will set topics according to Company's policy together with annual training schedule.

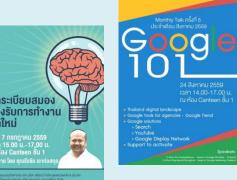
Company provides joint activities among employees and staffs with Management to enhance better relationship within the organization.

Company provides annual party each year during which the senior management will explain the Company's operation result of the passing year as well as the policy of the year to come. Such has been the annual event from the first year of Company's set up.

In the passing year, the Company arranged activities as follow:

- 1. Promote "sharing" activities whereas specialized staffs share their specialty with other employees.
- 2. For broader scope of knowledge, Company arranges "Monthly Talk" activities by inviting experts on finance, marketing, etc. to share their experience and knowledge with the employees. There were 5 trainings for the year 2016.





- 3. Trainings for professional development are as follow:
- 3.1 Invite external experts to provide trainings within the Company. There were two training in 2016.
- 3.2 Enter the Company's employees in seminars as a scheme to develop staff potentiality. Annual training budget has been set for this purpose.
- 4. Create pleasant working environment

- Providing canteen serving food at reasonable price and renovating the canteen for better quality of life. The renovation was completed in December 2015.
- -Providing transportation between Company and public transport.
- -Providing recreation corners, such as, table tennis, yoga class, etc.
- -Providing birthday gifts for staffs.

Environmental conservation

Since the Company's product is service, The Company conserves the environment by defining the policy of best utilization of resources.

Human Right

All advertisements must not project the image of abusing human rights, disdainful and intellectual property infringement

Take part in community and social development

The Company has a policy to provide job opportunity for people living in the vicinity of the Company, the disables and supporting community's activities.

In year 2015, the Company initiated "SME" project in order to share "advertising" knowledge with small business companies "SME" in need of advertising their products but without knowledge or with small budget. The followings are details and process of the project.

- 1. Recruit small business companies which meet the requirement of the project.
- 2. Interview companies' executives in order to understand both products and needs.
- 3. Provide workshops on marketing strategy planning, media planning and generate knowledge about advertising on internet.
- 4. Follow up on the actual practice and result for improvement for the year to come.

In the first year, the project recruited 3 companies which were met with good response and was recommended other small business to join. The Company realizes that the project would



be beneficial for small business companies "SME" and planned to run the program every year.

Moreover, in year 2015, the Company carried out sharing knowledge project to Academies by management and staffs to share Creative advertising, Marketing communication, Advertising administration, Management communication, etc. The Company has still run this project.

ลำดับ	ชื่อสถาบันอุดมศึกษา	รายละเอียดการสอน	วันเวลา	วิทยากร
1	มหาวิทยาลัยธรรมศาสตร์	วิชา Strategic Brand Management วิชา หลักการจัดการการสื่อสารองค์กร	28 / 9 / 2016 5 / 11 / 2016	
2	มหาวิทยาลัยหัวเฉียว เฉลิมพระเกียรติ	วิชาผลิตโฆษณา	19 / 10 / 2016	คุณกิตติพันธุ์
3	มหาวิทยาลัยเชียงใหม่	การสื่อสารการตลาดในยุคดิจิทัล การใช้สื่อออนไลน์ในการสื่อสารการตลาด การปรับโครงสร้างเอเจนซี่ ตำแหน่ง หน้าที่หรืออาชีพของ นักโฆษณาหรือนักสื่อสารการตลาดในยุคดิจิทัล การวางแผนและการประเมินประสิทธิผล สื่อสารการตลาดออนไลน์ การออกแบบงานโฆษณา ในยุคดิจิทัล	25 / 10 / 2016	คุณวีระกาจ คุณเดนโก้
4	มหาวิทยาลัยสยาม	วิชาสัมมนาโฆษณา การใช้ความคิดสร้างสรรค์ในการโฆษณาในยุค ปัจจุบัน	22 / 11 / 2016	คุณวราวุฒิ คุณกิตติ พันธุ์

11. <u>INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT</u>

The Board of Directors, the Audit Committee and the Executive Management reviewed internal controlling system on accounting, finance and the adequacy of the Organization control system as well as appraise, risk management policy and information technology system and agreed that internal control was adequate and effective for the type of business.

However, The Company received the comments of the Audit Committee and external auditor and took into considerations. The Board of Directors already approved to hire an internal audit company to be the Company's Internal Auditor started in 2016 onward.

12. RELATED TRANSACTION

12.1 The Company has transactions with related companies by way of having common share holdings and/or directors and/or company managements as described below:

Relationship and name	Description	Amount'000	reason
Subsidiaries			
Prakit Advertising Ltd.	Rental income	2,627	The Company charges office rental
Marketing Drive			per used space which base
Worldwide (Thailand) Ltd.		480	on the rate charged to other tenant.
Associated (Indirect)			
Bangkok Writer & Partner		285	
Related Company			
Double P Marketing		300	The Company charges office rental
Communication Ltd.			per used space which base
(Directorship)			on the rate charged to other tenant.
	Total	3,692	
<u>Subsidiaries</u>			
Prakit Advertising Ltd.	Administration	31,151	The Company has agreement with
Marketing Drive	Income	384	subsidiaries and related companies
Worldwide (Thailand) Ltd.			for management service. This was
			due to these companies are not these
Associated (Indirect)			specialists.
Bangkok Writer & Partners		1,800	

Relationship and name	Description	Amount'000	reason
Related company			
62 Content & Design Ltd.	Administration	120	The Company has agreement with
(Executive of the Company	Income		subsidiaries and related companies
listed as Director and			for management service. This was
Shareholder)			due to these companies are not these
			specialists.
	Total	33,455	
Subsidiary			
Marketing Drive	Income from	97	The Company has agreed with
Worldwide (Thailand) Ltd.	other services		subsidiaries to charged expense
Related Company	Water /		based on estimated used units
Double P Marketing	Electricity bill	2	
Communication			
Ltd.(Directorship)			
	Total	99	
Subsidiary			
Marketing Drive	Income from	25	The Subsidiaries provide creative
Worldwide (Thailand)Ltd.	Brokerage and		work and marketing service to the
Associated (Indirect)	service		Company.
Bangkok Writer & Partners		495	
Related company	Income from		
Double P Marketing	Brokerage and	2,260	
Communication Ltd.	service		
(Directorship)			
Draft Cambodia Co.,Ltd.		11	
	Total	2,791	

Relationship and name	Description	Amount'000	reason
<u>Subsidiaries</u>			
Prakit Advertising Ltd.	Service cost	19,479	The Subsidiaries provide creative
			work and marketing service to the
Marketing Drive	Service cost	827	Company in market rate. The
Worldwide (Thailand) Ltd.			Company has no specialist in this
Prakit Advertising	Cost of Service	2,188	work.
Co.,Ltd.(Myanmar)			
D 1 4 1			
Related company			The Subsidiaries provide creative
62 Content & Design Ltd		1,243	work and marketing service to the
(Executive of the Company listed as Director and			Company in market rate. The
Shareholder)			Company has no specialist in this
Shareholder)			work.
	Total	23,737	
Subsidiaries			
Prakit Advertising Ltd.	Dividend	5,000	Dividend payment from investment
Marketing Drive		1,999	in subsidiaries.
Worldwide (Thailand) Ltd.			
Associated (Indirect)			
Direct Response (Thailand)		490	
Ltd.			
	Total	7,489	

The above-mentioned related transaction are the normal transaction among the Company, subsidiaries and related companies. The related nature of business to share resources, allows our group to maximize profit which enables the Company to pay high dividend to the shareholder.

- 12.2 The Company has guaranteed an overdrafts facilities and short-term loan for subsidiaries and related companies are as follow:
 - The Company's fixed deposit amounted to 30 million baht has been pledged to as collateral and facilitate an overdraft of 25 million baht and bank guarantee of 5 million baht from the bank for
 - security of Bangkok Writer and Partners Limited.
 - The Company mortgaged part of land and building, which is the office building now, to a bank as collateral for 58 million baht for 30 million baht overdrafts facilities of Prakit Advertising Limited.

The above-mentioned collateral was meant for the subsidiary to have working capital.

13. Financial Statement and operating results

1 Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders and the Board of Directors of Prakit Holdings Public Company Limited

Opinion

I have audited the consolidated financial statements of Prakit Holdings Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries (the Group) and the separate financial statements of Prakit Holdings Public Company Limited (the Company), which comprise the consolidated and separate statements of financial position as at 31 December 2016, and the related consolidated and separate statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the accompanying consolidated and separate financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Prakit Holdings Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries and the separate financial position of Prakit Holdings Public Company Limited as at 31 December 2016, and the related consolidated and separate financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the Group and the Company in accordance with the Federation of Accounting Professions under the Royal Patronage of His Majesty the King's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, were of most significance in my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter How the matter was addressed Commission income on media agency service For the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group and the The key audit procedures included as follows: Company earns commission income on media agency Inquire the management for the agreement and criterial service amounting to Baht 138 million in consolidated of media agency service regarding sale and purchase, discount, and significant change from previous year, financial statement and Baht 81 million in the separate · Evaluate and test of key internal control for commission financial statement. The commission income is recognized when the advertisements are broadcasted and the valuations income system. of media volume income are determined on commission · Analysis the commission rate and compare with the rate, discount rate and media volume. Accordingly, the agreement of media agency service. timing of revenue recognition and measurement of the Sampling test with supporting documents of commission commission income is a significant risk of material income, media cost and related discount. misstatement to the financial statement of the Group and the · Sampling test with cash receive and trace to the book Company.

Other matter

The consolidated financial statements of Prakit Holdings Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries and the separate financial statements of Prakit Holdings Public Company Limited for the year ended 31 December 2015 which are presented herein as comparative information, were audited by another auditor of Bunchikij Co., Ltd. who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements in his report dated 24 February 2016.

period.

Subsequent test for media discount after the reporting

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the Group and the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated and separate financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. The Group's annual report is expected to be made available to me after the date of this auditor's report.

My opinion on the consolidated and separate financial statements does not cover the other information as referred to above and I will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information as referred to above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether such the other information is materially inconsistent with the audited consolidated and separate financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When I read the Group's annual report, if I conclude that there is any material misstatement in those other information, I am required to communicate the matter to the management and those charged with governance to correct such information.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated and separate financial statements in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated and separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated and separate financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group and the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group and the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated and separate financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated and separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate
 in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group and the
 Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated and separate financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated and separate financial statements, including
 the disclosures, and whether the consolidated and separate financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities
 within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. I am responsible for the direction,
 supervision and performance of the Group audit. I remain solely responsible for my audit opinion.

I communicate with management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements

regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought

to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, I determine those matters that were of most

significance in the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key

audit matters. I describe these matters in my auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the

matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report

because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such

communication

The engagement partner responsible for the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Thanakorn Fakfaipol

(Mr. Thanakorn Fakfaipol)

mle

Certified Public Accountant No. 4879

Bunchikij Co., Ltd.

Bangkok

24 February 2017

2. Consolidated Financial Statement

The company presents the Audited Financial Statement and operating results which compare in 3 years.

PRAKIT HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016, 2015 AND 2014

Unit : Baht

	Consolidated financial statements					
ASSETS	2016	2015	2014			
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	97,478,142	85,102,746	89,774,793			
Current investments						
Personal fund	30,327,039	28,241,745	26,610,676			
Fixed deposit	-	-	1,000,000			
Others	382,239,829	318,751,930	251,558,612			
Investments in securities						
Current portion of held-to-maturity debt securities	16,000,000	20,000,000	12,000,000			
Trade accounts and other receivable - net	252,731,951	310,538,891	258,816,077			
Other current assets	10,846,266	9,460,176	16,345,882			
Total current assets	789,623,227	772,095,488	656,106,040			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS						
Bank deposit held as collateral	32,001,000	32,001,000	30,000,000			
Investments in associated and subsidiary companies	116,429,268	115,109,711	20,005,367			
Other long-term investments	112,957,803	116,418,439	119,221,901			
Loan to employees	25,000	350,000	520,000			
Investment property	46,215,000	46,215,000	136,215,000			
Property, plant and equipment	97,346,306	92,857,847	91,747,115			
Intangible assets -net	12,529	22,528	3,551			
Deferred tax assets	9,401,314	11,990,491	9,674,213			
Other non-current assets	12,085,499	11,035,655	1,882,636			
Total non-current assets	426,473,719	426,000,671	409,269,783			
	4 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4 400 000 455	4 005 055 055			
TOTAL ASSETS	1,216,096,946	1,198,096,159 	1,065,375,823			

PRAKIT HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016, 2015 AND 2014

	Consolidated financial statements			
	2016	2015	2014	
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Trade accounts and other payable	302,446,115	272,261,883	232,984,412	
Accrued income tax	44,348	30,225,164	4,071,791	
Other current liabilities	27,033,135	28,813,629	21,232,068	
Total current liabilities	329,523,598	331,300,676	258,288,271	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Deferred Leasehold right	14,481,220	15,565,702	16,650,185	
Employee benefit obligations	21,510,767	17,597,697	19,858,931	
Total non-current liabilities	35,991,987	33,163,399	36,509,116	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	365,515,585	364,464,075	294,797,387	
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Share capital				
Authorized share capital				
99,484,000 common shares of Baht 1 each		99,484,000	99,484,000	
94,438,800 common shares of Baht 1 each	94,438,800			
Issued and fully paid - up capital				
60,000,000 common shares of Baht 1 each		60,000,000	60,000,000	
54,954,800 common shares of Baht 1 each	54,954,800			
Premium on share capital	193,568,560	193,568,560	193,568,560	
Retained earnings				
Appropriated to legal reserve	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	
Unappropriated	612,514,980	598,463,915	525,172,430	
Reserve for Treasury Shares	-	79,460,000	79,460,000	
Treasury Shares	-	(79,460,000)	(79,460,000)	
Other components of equity	(22,003,173)	(29,700,219)	(19,621,101)	
Total equity attributable to the parent company	849,035,167	832,332,256	769,119,889	
Non-controlling interests	1,546,194	1,299,828	1,458,547	
Total equity	850,581,361	833,632,084	770,578,436	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	1,216,096,946	1,198,096,159	1,065,375,823	

PRAKIT HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016, 2015 AND 2014

Consolidated	financial	statements
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	2016	2015	2014
REVENUES			
Revenue from rendering services	229,393,707	207,766,076	209,001,602
Revenue from agency	138,150,159	161,041,316	132,917,200
Interest income	4,557,340	5,155,708	6,254,218
Dividend income	2,909,747	2,173,756	2,637,130
Management income	1,920,000	2,016,000	516,000
Gain from sales of investment property	-	103,537,770	-
Other revenues	26,648,210	5,779,965	13,987,194
Total revenues	403,579,163	487,470,591	365,313,344
EXPENSES		· ·	
Cost of rendering of services	194,424,627	179,854,045	177,786,406
Selling expenses	55,924,907	59,000,726	48,866,004
Administrative expenses	86,850,357	90,790,933	82,297,573
Total expenses	337,199,891	329,645,704	308,949,983
Profit before share of profit from investments in joint venture			
and associated companies- equity method	66,379,272	157,824,887	56,363,361
Share of profit from investments in joint ventures			
and associated companies- equity method	1,319,557	1,491,574	1,124,718
Profit before income tax	67,698,829	159,316,461	57,488,079
Income tax	(12,810,371)	(42,828,140)	(11,297,830)
Net profit for the year	54,888,458	116,488,321	46,190,249
Other comprehensive income (loss):			
Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Actuarial gain (losses)	(4,124,772)	6,869	2,804,260.0
Income tax effect	824,955	(1,374)	(560,852)
	(3,299,817)	5,495	2,243,408.0
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Net change in fair value of available for sale investment	9,846,770	(12,538,580)	(3,993,418)
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operation	(180,370)	(48,254)	22,561
Income tax on other comprehensive income	(1,969,354)	2,507,716	798,683
	7,697,046	(10,079,118)	(3,172,174)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of income tax	4,397,229	(10,073,623)	(928,766)
Total comprehensive income for the year	59,285,687	106,414,698	45,261,483
Profit attributable to:			
Owners of the Company	54,641,042	116,645,990	46,307,693
Non-controlling interests	247,416	(157,669)	(117,444)
Net profit for the year	54,888,458	116,488,321	46,190,249
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributatble to:			
Owners of the Company	59,038,271	106,572,367	45,378,928
Non-controlling interests	247,416	(157,669)	(117,444)
Total comprehensive income for the year	59,285,687	106,414,698	45,261,484
Earnings per share (Unit :Baht)			
Basic earnings per share	0.98	2.15	0.83

PRAKIT HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENTS OF CHANGE IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY(CONSOLIDATED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016, 2015 AND 2014

Equity attributable to owners of the Company

				Retained earnings Other components of shareholders' equity									
						_		Fair value			Equity		
	Issued and		Surplus on					changes in	Currency	Total other	attributable to		Total
	paid-up		sale of	Legal		Reserve for		available-for-sale	translation	components of	owners of	Non-controlling	Shareholders'
<u>.</u>	share capital	Share premium	treasury shares	reserve	Unappropriated	Share	stock	investments	differences	equity	the Company	interests	equity
Balance at 1 January 2014	60,000,000	193,568,560	-	10,000,000	610,281,329	-	-	(16,416,821)	(32,106)	(16,448,927)	857,400,962	1,494,716	858,895,678
Dividend paid	-	-	-	-	(54,200,000)	-	-	-	-	-	(54,200,000)	(1,400)	(54,201,400)
Acquisition of subsidiary with													
non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	82,675	82,675
Total comprehensive income for the year	ar												
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	46,307,693	-	-	-	-	-	46,307,693	(117,444)	46,190,249
Other comprehensive income													
Actuarial gain (losses)	-	-	-	-	2,243,408	-	-	-	-	-	2,243,408	-	2,243,408
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,194,735)	22,561	(3,172,174)	(3,172,174)	-	(3,172,174)
Treasury stock	-	-	-	-	(79,460,000)	79,460,000	(79,460,000)	-	-	-	(79,460,000)	-	(79,460,000)
Balance at 31 December 2014	60,000,000	193,568,560	-	10,000,000	525,172,430	79,460,000	(79,460,000)	(19,611,556)	(9,545)	(19,621,101)	769,119,889	1,458,547	770,578,436
•													
Balance at 1 January 2015	60,000,000	193,568,560	-	10,000,000	525,172,430	79,460,000	(79,460,000)	(19,611,556)	(9,545)	(19,621,101)	769,119,889	1,458,547	770,578,436
Dividend paid	-	-	-	-	(43,360,000)	-	-	-	-	-	(43,360,000)	(1,050)	(43,361,050)
Total comprehensive income for the year	ar												
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	116,645,990	-	-	-	-	-	116,645,990	(157,669)	116,488,321
Other comprehensive income													
Actuarial gain (losses)	-	-	-	-	5,495	-	-	-	-	-	5,495	-	5,495
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,030,864)	(48,254)	(10,079,118)	(10,079,118)	-	(10,079,118)
Balance at 31 December 2015	60,000,000	193,568,560		10,000,000	598,463,915	79,460,000	(79,460,000)	(29,642,420)	(57,799)	(29,700,219)	832,332,256	1,299,828	833,632,084
Balance at 1 January 2016	60,000,000	193,568,560	-	10,000,000	598,463,915	79,460,000.00	(79,460,000)	(29,642,420)	(57,799)	(29,700,219)	832,332,256	1,299,828	833,632,084
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	(54,784,800)	-	-	-	-	-	(54,784,800)	(1,050)	(54,785,850)
Total comprehensive income for the year	ar												-
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	54,641,042						54,641,042	247,416	54,888,458
Other comprehensive income					-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Actuarial gain (losses)	-	-	-	-	(3,299,817)	-	-	-	-	-	(3,299,817)	-	(3,299,817)
Other	-	-	-		-	-	-	7,877,416	(180,370)	7,697,046	7,697,046	-	7,697,046
Sale of treasury shares		-	2,108,680	-	10,340,760	(10,340,760)	10,340,760				12,449,440	-	12,449,440
Cancellation of treasury shares	(5,045,200)		(2,108,680)	-	7,153,880	(69,119,240)	69,119,240						-
Balance at 31 December 2016	54,954,800	193,568,560		10,000,000	612,514,980			(21,765,004)	(238,169)	(22,003,173)	849,035,167	1,546,194	850,581,361

PRAKIT HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016, 2015 AND 2014

Consolidated financial

		statement	-
	2016	2015	2014
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Profit for the year	54,888,458	116,488,321	46,190,249
Adjustment for			
Depreciation	6,587,552	5,582,961	5,683,003
Amortisation of intangible assets	9,999	11,023	16,602
Reversal of allowance for doubtful debts	(2,083,109)	(655,991)	(346,155)
(Gain) loss from disposal of investment property	-	(103,537,770)	-
(Gain) loss from disposal of property,			
plant and equipment	(345,412)	2,743	185,036
Gain on disposal of current investment			
and long-term investments	(4,457,894)	1,921,120	(5,189,548)
(Gain) loss on adjustment of fair value of current investment	(5,710,674)	(2,145,977)	(3,569,491)
Provisions for employee benefits	2,349,898	2,557,635	2,486,970
Revenue from deffered lease right	(1,084,483)	(1,084,483)	(1,084,483)
Dividend income	(2,909,747)	(2,173,755)	(2,637,129)
Interest income	(4,557,340)	(5,155,708)	(6,254,218)
Other income	-	(1,000)	-
Equity in undistributed net (profit) loss of assiciated company	(1,319,557)	(1,491,574)	(1,124,718)
Unrealized (gain) loss form exchange rate	(64,150)	(115,660)	(17,822)
Income tax expense	12,810,371	42,828,141	11,297,830
	54,113,912	53,030,026	45,636,126
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Current investments sold	127,219,869	245,384,613	194,395,168.00
Addition to current investments	(187,108,738)	(311,704,383)	(234,321,111.00)
Trade and other accounts receivable	67,774,555	(50,473,806)	56,466,524
Other current assets	6,437,997	6,885,706	2,029,164
Other non current assets	(5,221,464)	(4,981,399)	(1,511,207)
Trade and other account payable	34,435,928	35,025,775	(21,531,031)
Other current liabilities	(1,780,494)	7,581,562	(11,133,577)
Employee benefit obligations paid	(2,561,600)	(4,812,000)	(1,588,300)
Net cash Provided by (used in) Operating Activities	93,309,965	(24,063,906)	28,441,756
Income tax paid	(45,198,878)	(20,656,323)	(15,838,543)

PRAKIT HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016, 2015 AND 2014

Consolidated financial

	oonsondated infancial			
	2016	statement	2014	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	2016	2015	2014	
Gash Flows from investing Activities				
Loaned to employees	-	(400,000)	(600,000)	
Cash received from loans	560,000	510,000	515,000	
Deposits in fixed account	-	(1,000,000)	31,500,000	
Investment in associates	-	(150,375,000)	-	
Cash paid for investments in joint venture	-	-	(16,800,000)	
Invest in long - term investment	(51,429,739)	(33,325,451)	(30,164,818)	
Cash received from selling and maturity of				
long-term investment	20,000,000	10,000,000	35,000,000	
	40,180,647	6,952,313	40,649,649	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(11,136,798)	(6,777,825)	(3,955,783)	
Purchase of intangible asset	-	(30,000)	-	
Sale of investment property	-	250,300,000	-	
Sale of property, plant and equipment	390,075	12,000	151,495	
Dividend received	2,909,748	2,173,755	2,637,130	
Interest received	5,291,032	5,348,306	6,537,151	
Non-controlling interest with change in control	-	-	82,675	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	6,764,965	83,388,098	65,552,499	
Cash Flows from Financing Activities				
Treasury stock	-	-	(79,460,000)	
Dividend paid	(54,784,800)	(43,360,000)	(54,200,000)	
Proceed from sale of treasury shares	12,449,440	-	-	
Dividend paid to non-controlling interests	(1,050)	(1,050)	(1,400)	
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities	(42,336,410)	(43,361,050)	(133,661,400)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalent	12,539,642	(4,693,181)	(55,505,688)	
Cash and cash equivalent at 1 January	85,102,746	89,774,793	145,257,920	
Effect of exchange rate changes on balances helds in	16,124	21,134	22,561	
foreign currencies	(180,370)	-	-	
Cash and Cash Equivalent at 31 December	97,478,142	85,102,746	89,774,793	

41,000

41,000

48,400

Unutilized credit facilities for future working capital

14. Management Discussion and Analysis on the Operating results and Financial Status

Operating results Total revenues from advertising activities of the company's group in the year 2016 amounting to Baht 173.1 million while other income was amounting to Baht 36.1 million, totally Baht 209.2 million. After having deducted with selling and administrative expenses amounting to Baht 142.8 million, there was profit from recurring activities amounting to Baht 66.4 million. After having deducted with income tax amounting to Baht 12.8 million, there was profit from recurring activities after tax amounting to Baht 53.6 million. Moreover, there was share of profit from associated companies amounting to Baht 1.3 million, therefore, there was net profit for the year 2016 amounting to Baht 54.9 million. Apart from net profit for the year, there was other comprehensive income after tax amounting to Baht 4.4 million. Consequently, there was total comprehensive income for the year 2016 amounting to Baht 59.3 million.

<u>Financial Status</u> As at December 31, 2016, total assets of the company's group was amounting to Baht 1,216.1 million whereas total liabilities was amounting to Baht 365.5 million, therefore, total owners' equity was amounting to Baht 850.6 million. So, total liabilities was only 30% of total assets and 43% of total owners' equity. Especially, there wasn't any short or long term loans, therefore, there was no obligation to repay the principal and interests. Moreover, there were net profit as well as total comprehensive income continuously including there is a chance to derive additional income in the future from the investment in Sukhumvit 62 Medical Limited. Therefore, it could be concluded that long-term financial status of Prakit's group is quite sound.

In addition, short-term financial status of Prakit's group is also quite sound because current assets as at December 31, 2016 was amounting to Baht 789.6 million whereas current liabilities was amounting to Baht 329.5 million, so current assets was greater than current liabilities 2.4 times while quick current assets was greater than current liabilities 2.3 times Moreover, most of clients settle on time which enable the company's group could also settle current liabilities on time.

Conclusion Operating results and financial status of Prakit's group in the year 2016 was sligtly better than the year 2015. In addition, it is expected that most clients would spend advertising budget in the year 2017 not less than the year 2016. However, the company will speed up to acquire new

Explanation and Analysis on Operating Results and Financial Status

clients and expand the business to another clannels.

14.1 Operating results

The business of Prakit's group is mainly dealing with advertising activities. There are two services render to clients, i.e., producing advertising materials as well as planing and buying media for clients. The company's group would be provided budgets of both activities from clients to manage for them accordingly. However, the revenues from both activities are determined differently. They are as follows:

1. Revenue from producing advertising materials Means total amount of billings charged to clients for collecting total costs of producing advertising materials plus agency's service fees.

This revenue presented in Comprehensive Income Statement under the terminology R'evenue from rendering service" whereas costs of producting advertising materials would be presented separatel under the terminology 'Cost of rendering of service:"

2. Revenue from planning and buying media for clientsmeans total amount of billings charged to clients for collecting both of media costs and agency's commission less total amount of in voices charged from media owners. Consequently, this revenue presented in Comprehensive Income Statement with the amount of agency's commission and under the terminology "Revenue from agency"

Since the operating performance of advertising business is specific type, therefore, the classification of revenues costs and expenses should be difference from the others so as to reflect true operating performance of this type of business. To serve the analytical purpose correctly, the original form of Consolidated Comprehensive Income Statement is modified as follows:

Consolidated Comprehensive Income Statement (After having Modification)

(Unit: Million Baht)

Drescription	Prakit Group			
Diescription	Yr 2016	Yr 2015	Yr 2014	
1. Income from service	229.39	207.77	209.00	
2. <u>Less</u> Cost of service	(194.42)	(179.85)	(177.79)	
3. Income from service (net)	34.97	27.92	31.21	
4. Agency fees	138.15	161.04	132.92	
5. Total income from advertising activities	173.12	188.96	164.13	
6. Management Income	1.92	2.02	0.52	
7. Interest income	4.56	5.16	6.25	
8. Dividend income	2.91	2.17	2.64	
9. Other income	26.65	5.77	13.99	
10. Total income from other activities	36.04	15.12	23.40	
11. Total income from recurring activities	209.16	204.08	187.53	
12. <u>Less</u> Selling expenses	(55.93)	(59.00)	(48.87)	
13. <u>Less</u> Administrative expenses(Refer to the calculation)	(86.85)	(A)* (82.53)	(82.29)	
14. Profit from recurring activities-before tax	66.38	62.55	56.37	
15. Income tax expenses (Refer to the calculation)	(12.81)	(B)* (12.42)	(11.30)	
16. Profit from recurring activities-after tax	53.57	50.13	45.07	
17. Gain from sale of investment property (Refer to the calculation)	0	(c)* 64.87	0	
18. Share of profit from associated companies	1.32	1.49	1.12	
19. Net profit for the year	54.89	116.49	46.19	
20. Other comprehensive income (loss):				
21. Net change in fair value of available for sale investment	9.85	(12.54)	(3.99)	
22. Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operation	(0.18)	(0.05)	0.02	
23. Actuarial gains recognized in other comprehensive	(4.12)	0.01	2.80	
24. Total other comprehensive income (loss) before income tax	5.55	(12.58)	(1.17)	
25. Income tax on other comprehensive income (loss)	(1.15)	2.50	0.24	
26. Other comprehensive income (loss) net of income tax	4.40	(10.08)	(0.93)	
27. Total comprehensive income for the year	59.29	106.41	45.26	

^{*}Calculation

		(Unit: Million	Baht)
(A)	Administrative Expenses		
	Balance before modification		90.79
	Less Fees for transfer title deed	<u>,</u>	(8.26)
	Balance after modification	_	82.53
(B)	Income Tax Expenses		
	Balance before modification		42.83
	<u>Less</u> Income tax on profit from sale of investment property:		
	Selling price of investment property	250.30	
	<u>Less</u> Cost of investment property	(90.00)	
	Fees for transfer titile deed	(8.26)	
	Profit from sale of investment property	152.04	
	Income tax on profit from sale of investment property (152.04x20%)	_	(30.41)
	Balance after modification	_	12.42
			_
(C)	Profit from sale of investment property-net from fees for transfer title	deed and income	e tax
	Balance before modification		103.54
	<u>Less</u> Fees for transfer title deed		(8.26)
	Income tax on-profit from sale of investment property		(30.41)
	Balance after modification		64.87

With reference to the modified Comprehensive Income Statement, the operating results of the company's group in the year 2016 are summarized through reach activity as follows:

1. Main activity or advertising activity

The revenue from rendering services as well as the revenue from agency of the company's group during the years 2014-2016 were as follows:

1.1 Revenue from rendering services the year 2016 was Baht 229.4 million whereas the year 2015 and the year 2014 were Baht 207.8 and 209.0 million respectively. Due to most clients spent budgets on producing advertising materials in Q1-Q3 of the year 2016 much than the same period of the years 2015 and 2014, so, this revenue in Q1-Q3 of the year 2016 was also much than the same period of both years. Although clients spent production budgets in Q4 of the year 2016 less than the same period of the year 2015 and 2014, the sum of 4Q in the year 2016 was still much than both years.

<u>Cost of service</u> The year 2016 was Baht 194.4 million whereas the year 2015 and the year 2014 were Baht 179.9 and 177.8 million respectively. The causes of increasing from both years were due to the adjustment on salaries and remunerations of the relevant employees whereas other costs varied along with the increasing of revenues.

<u>Net Revenue from rendering services</u> means revenue from rendering services deduct with its costs. The year 2016 was Baht 35.0 million whereas the year 2015 and the year 2014 were Baht 27.9 and 31.2 million respectively.

1.2 Revenue from agency The year 2016 was Baht 138.1 million whereas the year 2015 and the year 2014 were Baht 161.1 million 132.9 million respectively. The cause of decreasing from the year 2015 was due to the decreasing of clients' spending budgets on media buying including the clients' suspension on the spending of television advertising budgets resulted from the government's instruction to all T.V. media refraining from telecast the regular programs for one month since October 13, 2016 which was the pass away date of the King Rama 9. However, this revenue of the year 2016 was higher than the year 2014

<u>Total revenues from advertising activity</u> means net revenue from rendering services plus revenue from agency. Therefore, the year 2016 was Baht 173.1 million whereas the year 2015 and the year 2014 were Baht 189.0 and 164.1 million respectively.

Conclusion Total revenues from advertising activity of the year2016 was lower than the year 2015 amounting to Baht 15.9 million. It was due to the increasing of net revenue from rendering services amounting to Baht 7.1 million and offseted by the decreasing of revenue from agency amounting to Baht 23.0 million. However, total revenues from advertising activity of the year 2016 was higher than the year 2014 amounting to Baht 9.0 million. It was due to the increasing of net revenue from rendering services amounting to Baht 3.8 million together with the increasing of revenue from agency amounting to Baht 5.2 million.

2. Other recurring activities

These activities are rendering management services to the affiliated companies, investing on debt and equity instruments of the listed companies in the Stock Exchange of Thailand, trading on listed securities in The Stock Exchange of Thailand and depositing at banks or financial institutions. Therefore, the revenues of these activities are as follows:

- 2.1 <u>Management income</u> The year 2016 was Baht 1.9 million whereas the year 2015 and the year 2015 were Baht 2.0 and 0.5 million respectively. The increasing on this income in the years 2015 and 2016 derived from the assignment of a new partner to manage its business.
- 2.2 <u>Interest income</u> The year 2016 was Baht 4.6 million whereas the year 2015 and the year 2014 were Baht 5.1 and 6.3 million respectively. The decreasing of this income from both years was due to the maturity in the year 2016 of a part of the company's held-to-maturity debt securities while fixed deposits in average decreased in the year 2016. In addition, interest rates of bank deposits changed sligtly during the year 2016.
- 2.3 <u>Dividend income</u> The year 2016 was Baht 2.9 million whereas the year 2015 and the year 2014 were Baht 2.2 and 2.6 million respectively. The increasing of this income in the year 2016 was due to the more investing on equity securities in the year 2016.
- 2.4 Other income The year 2016 was Baht 26.6 million whereas the year 2015 and the year 2014 were Baht 5.8 and 14.0 million respectively. The increasing of this income from both years was monthly due to the increasing on gain from the sale of temporary and long-term investments. However, other items were also increased sharply.

<u>Total revenues from other activities</u> The year 2016 was Baht 36.0 million whereas the year 2015 and the year 2014 were Baht 15.1 and 23.4 million respectively.

<u>Total revenues from recurring activities</u> means revenue from main activity, i.e., advertising activity plus revenues from other recurring activities. The year 2016 was Baht 209.1 million whereas the year 2015 and the year 2014 were Baht 204.1 and 187.5 million respectively.

Apart from the afore-mentioned revenues, followings are the summary of operating expenses which comprise of selling expenses and administrative expenses.

<u>Selling expenses</u> The year 2016 was Baht 55.9 million whereas the year 2015 and the year 2014 were Baht 59.0 and 48.8 million respectively. The causes of decreasing from the year 2015 were the decresing on research and marketing expenses of the company's group which much than the increasing on personnel expenses while other selling expenses increased sligtly.

Admistrative expenses The year 2016 was Baht 86.8 million whereas the year 2015 (exclude fee for transfer title deed) and the year 2014 were Baht 82.5 and 82.3 million respectively. The causes of increasing from both years were the higher adjustment on salaries and remunerations of the employees in other departments while other administrative expenses increased sligtly.

<u>Profit from recurring activities-before tax</u> means total revenues from recurring activities deduct with selling and administrative expenses. The year 2016 was Baht 66.4 million whereas the year 2015 and the year 2014 were Baht 62.6 and 56.4 million respectively.

<u>Income tax expenses</u> Income tax rate for all 3 years was 20% equally. However, profit from recurring activities - before tax of all 3 years were adjusted slightly in order to calculate income tax expenses in accordance with the revenue code. Therefore, income tax expense for the year 2016 was Baht 12.8 million whereas the year 2015 and the year 2014 were Baht 12.5 and 11.3 million respectively.

<u>Profit from recurring activities after tax</u> The year 2016 was Baht 53.6 million whereas the year 2015 and the year 2014 were Baht 50.1 and 45.1 million respectively.

3. Non-recurring activity

In the year 2015, the company sold an investment property at Soi Sukhumvit 62, Sukhumvit Rd. to Sukhumvit 62 Medical Limited provided profit from sale of investment property-net from fees for transfer title deed and income tax amounting to Baht 64.9 million (Refer to the before-said calculation)

4. Investing activities in associated companies

The return on this investment is share of profit (loss) from investment in associated companies-equity method. The year 2016 was Baht 1.3 million whereas the year 2015 and the year 2014 were Baht 1.5 and 1.1 million respectively.

Net profit for the year The year 2016 was Baht 54.9 million whereas the year 2015 and the year 2014 were Baht 116.5 and 46.2 million respectively.

Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year - net of income tax Apart from the before-said activities, the following items were presented under the part of other comprehensive income (loss)

- 1. Gain (loss) on fair value adjustment of available for sale investment The year 2016 was gain at Baht 9.8 million whereas the year 2015 and the year 2014 were loss at Baht 12.5 and 4.0 million respectively because fair value of the holding securities at year end 2016 increased sharply from the end of both years.
- 2. <u>Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operation</u> The year 2016 was loss at Baht 0.2 million whereas the year 2015 was also loss at Baht 0.1 million but the year 2014 was gain very sligtly.

3. <u>Acturial gains (losses) on the employee's benefit scheme</u> The year 2016 was loss at Baht 4.1 million whereas the year 2015 was gain but very slightly and the year 2014 was gain at Baht 2.8 million.

Followings were the sum of the said 3 items, income tax effects and total other comprehensive income (loss)-net of income tax for the years 2014-2016

	(Unit : Million Baht)		
	Yr 2016	Yr 2015	Yr 2014
Total other comprehensive income(loss) before income tax	5.5	(12.6)	(1.2)
Income tax effects	(1.1)	2.50	0.30
Total other comprehensive income(loss)-net income tax	4.4	(10.1)	(0.9)

<u>Total comprehensive income for the year</u> means net profit for the year plus or deduct with other comprehensive income (loss) after tax effects. So, the year 2016 was Baht 59.3 million whereas the year 2015 and the year 2014 were Baht 106.4 and 45.3 million respectively.

Since there was gain from sale of investment property amounting to Baht 64.9 million in the year 2015, it is deservedly to present net profit for the year and total comprehensive income for the year both prior and after the said item as follows to reflect the real data for comparing on the operating results of the year 2014 three the year 2016.

	(Unit : Million Baht)		
	Yr 2016	Yr 2015	Yr 2014
Net profit before gain from sale of investment property	54.9	51.6	46.2
Gain from sale of investment property-net	0	64.9	0
Net profit for the year	54.9	116.5	46.2
Total comprehensive income before sale of investment property	59.3	41.5	45.3
Gain from sale of investment property-net	0	64.9	0
Total comprehensive income for the year	59.3	106.4	45.3

Financial ratios for evaluate the operational results

Financial ratios in relevant with operating results are as follows:

1. Profitablility ratios

Return on assets

	(Unit)	Yr 2016	Yr 2015	Yr 2014
Profit from advertising activities	(%)	15.24	13.43	14.94
Profit from recurring activities	(%)	3.27	2.85	2.71
Net profit before gain from sale of investment property	(%)	3.12	2.93	2.78
Net profit for the year	(%)	3.12	6.62	2.78
Return on equity	(%)	6.52	14.52	5.67
2. Efficiency ratio	(Unit)	Yr 2016	<u>Yr 2015</u>	<u>Yr 2014</u>

(%)

4.55

10.29

4.08

3. Growth rates

	(Unit)	Yr 2016	Yr 2015	Yr 2014
Billings	(%)	(6.80)	5.87	(21.54)
Total income from advertising activities	(%)	(8.39)	15.13	(19.19)
Total income from recurring activities	(%)	2.49	8.83	(17.63)
Operating Expenses	(%)	0.89	7.91	0.47
Profit from recurring activities-after tax	(%)	6.87	11.23	(41.85)
Profit from gain from sale of investment property	(%)	6.40	11.69	(40.62)
Net profit for the year	(%)	(52.88)	152.20	(40.62)

<u>Conclusion</u> The operating results of the year 2016 in comparison with the years 2015 and 2014 are summarized as follows:

Total income from advertising activities of the company's group for the year 2016 was less than the years 2015, the causes of decreasing on this income resulted from the decreasing on the clients' spending advertising budgets as before-said. However, there were much increasing from gain on sale of investment and other income in the year 2016, consequently, total income from recurring activities of the company's group for the year 2016 became higher than the years 2015 and 2014. In the case of operating expenses (selling and administrative expenses), they increased slightly. So, profit from recurring activities for the year 2016 was also higher than the years 2015 and 2014. In addition, the evaluation on the operating performance was regardless to net profit for the year because there was gain from sale of investment property in the year 2015 only.

Considering to the part of other comprehensive income (loss), the year 2016 was better than the year 2015 and 2014 because there was gain in the year 2016 from the increasing on fair value of available for sale investment whereas there were loss in the years 2015 and 2014. Although there was more expenses in the year 2016 from the adjustment on employee benefit in accordance with actuarial basis, net amount of this part in the year 2016 was positive whereas the years 2015 and 2014 were negative.

Consequently, net profit as well as total comprehensive income for the year 2016 was better than the year 2015 and 2014 if regardless to gain from sale of investment property in the year 2015.

In addition, financial ratios in relevant with operating results for the year 2016 was also better than the year 2015 and 2014 if regardless to gain from sale of investment property in the year 2015. However, growth rates of various items for the year 2016 were lower than the year 2015 but higher than the year 2014.

According to overall consideration, the operating results of the year 2016 was better the years 2015 and 2014.

14.2 Financial Status

Asset		Baht:	million
	Dec.31, 2016	Dec.31, 2015	Dec.31, 2014
Current assets	789.62	772.09	656.11
Non-current assets	426.48	426.00	409.27
Total	1,216.10	1,198.09	1,065.38

Explanations:

- 1. Total assets of the company and its subsidiary companies as at December 31, 2016 was Baht 1,216.10 million whereas total assets of the company and its subsidiary companies as at December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were Baht 1,198.09 million and Baht 1,065.38 million respectively.
- 2. The changes of assets in the year 2016 from the year 2015 were as follows:

Baht: million
12.38
2.09
63.49
(4.00)
(57.81)
1.39
Not changed
1.32
(3.46)
(0.33)
Not changed
4.49
(0.01)
(2.59)
1.05
18.01

The above changes were summarized as follows:

- 1. Cash and cash equivalent decreased Baht 12.38 million. It provided from operating activities Baht 48.11 million, provided from investing activities Baht 6.76 million, used in financing activities Baht 42.33 million and used in other activities Baht 0.16 million.
- 2. During the year 2016, there were more buying than selling in temporary investment whereas there were more selling than buying in long-term investment.
- 3. During the year 2016, there were more maturity than buying in held-to-maturity debt securities.
- 4. During the year 2016, there were more investing than selling in personal funds.
- 5. The decreasing on trade and other accounts receivable in the year 2016 were due to the decreasing on clients' spending advertising budgets as before-said.
- 6. There was office renovation in the year 2016.
- 7. Other assets changed slightly.
- 3. The quality of the significant assets are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Most of clients settle on time. There average collection period in the year 2016 was 52 days which faster than both years. However, the allowance for doubtful accounts as at December 31, 2016 was Baht 14.6 million which estimated from the analysis of the clients' settlement in the past together with the expectation of the clients' repayment in the future.

- 2. Short-term and long-term investment consist of investment in personal fund and investment in debt and equity securities. Their total fair-value as at December 31, 2016 changed from the end of last year. As at December 31, 2016 there was unrealized loss from adjustment of fair value in securities amounting to Baht 21.8 million whereas the end of the year 2015 and the year 2014 were Baht 29.6 and 19.6 million respectively.
- 3. The recoverable amount of PPE (property, plant and equipment) as well as investment property as at December 31, 2016 were greater than carrying amount, therefore, there was no impairment of assets.

		Baht : million	
Liabilities	Dec.31, 2016	Dec.31, 2015	Dec.31, 2014
Current Liabilities	329.52	331.30	258.29
Non-current liabilities	35.99	33.16	36.51
Total	365.51	364.46	294.80

Explanations:

- 1. Total liabilities of the company and its subsidiary companies as at December 31, 2016 was Baht 365.51 million whereas total liabilities of the company and its subsidiary companies as at December 31,2015 and December 31, 2014 were Baht 364.46 million and Baht 294.80 million respectively.
- 2. The change of liabilities in the year 2016 from the year 2015 were as follows:

	Baht: million
Various trade and other accounts payable increased	30.19
Accrued income tax decreased	(30.18)
Other current liabilities decreased	(1.78)
Employee benefit obligations increased	3.91
Deferred lease right decreased	(1.09)
Total increased	1.05

The changes were summarized as follows:

- 1. The increasing on trade and other accounts payable were due to the increasing on advance received from the clients of the company's group as well as the highly increased on billings of a foreign subsidiary company.
- 2. Acrrued income tax decreased sharply from the year 2015 because there was no income tax on profit from sale of investment property as of the year 2015. If regard to only profit from recurring activities, income tax of both years would be slightly difference.
- 3. Other current liabilities decreased from the year 2015 because value added tax of December 2016, which be submitted to the Revenue Department on the following month, decreased from December 2015. This was due to the decreasing on billings in Q4 as before-said.
- 4. Employee benefit obligations increased because there was adjustment on the calculation in the year 2016 according to actuarial basis.

5. Deferred lease right decreased because it was transferred to income every year by straight-line method for the perid of 29 years.

Shareholders' equity		Baht:	million
	Dec.31, 2016	Dec.31, 2015	Dec.31, 2014
Shareholders' equity	850.59	833.63	770.58

- 1. Shareholders' equity of the company and its subsidiary companies as at December 31, 2016 was Baht 850.59 million whereas shareholders' equity of the company and its subsidiary companies as at December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were Baht 833.63 million and Baht 770.58 million respectively.
- 2. The changes of shareholders' equity in the year 2016 from the year 2015 were as follows:

	Bant : million
Total comprehensive income for the year	59.29
Dividend paid for the year	(54.78)
Sale of treasury stock	12.54
Total shareholders' equity	16.96

Financial ratios including per share ratios and growth rates which relevant with financial status are summarized as follows:

1. Financial policy ratios

	Unit	Dec.31, 2016	Dec.31, 2015	Dec.31, 2014
Debt/Equity Ratio	(Times)	0.43	0.44	0.38
Interest Coverage Ratio	(Times)	none	none	none
Dividend Payout Ratio	(%)	Dividend hasn't been declared	108.12	93.63

According to the above results, these ratios for the year 2016 closed to the years 2015 and 2014 because debt-to-equity ratio for the year 2016 closed to both years. However, the financial risks for all 3 years were slighly because total debt was so little when compare with shareholders' equity, moreover, there was no short-term or long-term loans, therefore, there was no interest obligation. In addition, dividend hasn't been declared for the year 2016, however, dividend paid for the year 2015 was higher than the year 2014.

2. Per share ratios

	Unit	Dec.31, 2016	<u>Dec.31, 2015</u>	Dec.31, 2014
Book value per share	(Baht)	15.48	15.36	14.19
Profit from recurring activities per share	(Baht)	0.96	0.92	0.80
Earning per share	(Baht)	0.98	2.15	0.83
Dividend per share	(Baht)	Dividend hasn't been declared	1.00	0.80

According to the above results, these ratios for the year 2016 were higher than the year 2015 and 2014 because book value per share as well as profit from recurring activities per share of the year 2016 were higher than both years. Since net profit for the year 2015 included gain on sale of investment property, this part was

regardless to earnings per share. In addition, there was no dividend per share in the year 2016 because it hasn't been declared, however, dividend per share of the year 2015 was higher than the year 2014.

3. Growth rates

	(Unit)	Yr 2016	<u>Yr 2015</u>	<u>Yr 2014</u>
Assets	(%)	1.51	12.46	(11.12)
Liabilities	(%)	0.29	23.63	(13.24)

According to the above results, growth rate of assets in the year 2016 was higher than that of liabilities, resulted to the increasing of shareholders' equity in the year 2016. In addition, the changes of each item of assets and liabilities have been afore-said.

Conclusion The Financial status of the company and its subsidiary companies was sound because debt to equity ratio of all 3 years were closely and quite low which total liabilities was less than 50% of shareholders' equity, especially, there wasn't any loan and interest obligation. Moreover, the company's group had net profit continuously. Although there were losses on fair value adjustment of available for sale investment in some year but there were total comprehensive income every year. Consequently, shareholders' equity increased every year except the year 2014 because there was repurchase a part of common stock from the shareholders' resulted in the diminishing of shareholders' equity, however, it was recovered by gain from sales of investment property in the year 2015. As the above reasoning, book value per share of the company's group increased consecutively except in the year 2014 as before-said.

14.3 Liquidity

Liquidity ratios

	Unit	Dec.31, 2016	Dec.31, 2015	Dec.31, 2014
Current Ratio	(Times)	2.40	2.33	2.54
Quick Ratio	(Times)	2.36	2.30	2.48
Cash Flows Ratio	(Times)	0.15	0.15	0.05
Accounts Receivable Turnover	(Times)	6.88	6.59	6.03
Average Collection Period	(Days)	52	55	60
Accounts payable Turnover	(Times)	6.97	8.41	8.18
Average Payment Period	(Days)	51	43	44
Cash Cycle	(Days)	1	12	16

Conclusion The liquidity for the year 2016 closed to the year 2015 and 2014 because the liquidity ratio, i.e., current ratio, quick ratio, cash flows ratio, accounts receivable turnover ratio, average collection period, accounts payable turnover ratio, average payment period and cash cycle for the year 2016 closed to both years. Moreover, the liquidity of all 3 years were favorable because the amount of current assets and quick current assets larger than current liabilities about 2 times which enough to settle the whole current liabilities on time. In addition, cash cycle for the year 2016 was only 1 day. So, the efficiency on the management of assets is favorable

Detail of Director and Executive Management

1. Detail of Director and Executive Management

				1			
		Qualification	Company	Family	Working experience in 5 years		
Name-Position	Age	in Education	share portion	relationship of	Period	Position	Company's
			%	directors			Name
Mr.Prakit Apisarnthanarax	78	BA in Economi	9.79%	Father of	1986-present	President	Prakit Holdings Plc.
Executive President and		Thammasart	voting right	Mr.Apirak			Prakit & Associate
Authorized Director		University	common	Apisarnthanar	ak		Co.,Ltd.
			stock	Company's			Prakit Advertising Ltd.
				Managing		Director	Marketing Drive Worldwide
				Directors			(Thailand) Co.,Ltd.
					1978-1986	President	Prakit & Associates Co., Ltd.
					1974-1978	Controller	Diethelm Advertising Co., Ltd.
						and Media Dir	ector
					1964-1974	Media Director	Diethelm Co., Ltd.
2. Phisal Prahasdangkura	72	B.A. in Mass	0.13% of	No	1986-present	Vice President	Prakit Holdings Plc.
Executive Vice President and		Communication	voting right			Director	Prakit Advertising Ltd.
Authorized Director		Miami Colledge	common				Marketing Drive Worldwide
		USA	stock				(Thailand) Co.,Ltd.
					1977-1986	Vice President	Prakit & Associates Co., Ltd.
					1974-1977	Product Manag	Warner-Lambert
							(Thailand) Co.,Ltd.
					1972-1974	Product Manag	Bristol Myers
							(Thailand) Co.,Ltd.
3. Mr. Preecha Chaochotechuan	69	B.A. in Busines	0.23%	No	Present	Director	Prakit Holdings Plc.
Director and Authorized		Ohio Colledge	voting right		1986-2007	Managing Dire	Prakit Holdings Plc.
Director		USA	common		1980-1984	Deputy Manag	Lintas Co.,Ltd.
		Marketing	stock			Director	
		Management			1975-1980	Marketing Dire	Fedderst Co.,Ltd.
		Certificate			1970-1975	Marketing Trai	Diethelm Co., Ltd.
		Lausanne, Swi	tzerland				
4. Mr. Vichien Nakintanond	68	High School	-	No	Present	Director	Prakit Holdings Plc.
Director		Vatrangbua			1986-2001	Deputy	Prakit Holdings Plc.
		School				Managing Dire	ector
					1978-1986	Deputy	Prakit & Associates Co., Ltd.
						Managing Dire	ector
					1968-1978	Artist	Diethelm Co., Ltd.
					1965-1968	Artist	Loxley (Thaildand)
							Co.,Ltd.
						1	

Detail of Director and Executive Management

1. Detail of Director and Executive Management

		1	1	I				
		Qualification	Company	Family	Working experience in 5 years			
Name-Position	Age	in Education	share portion	relationship of	Period	Position	Company's	
			%	directors			Name	
5. Mr. Sommanous Na Bangcha	68	MBA	-	No	Dec 1999-	Independent Director	Prakit Holdings Plc.	
Audit Committee and		Southeastern			Present	and Audit Committee) 	
Independent Director		Oklahoma			1999-2002	Consultant of Finance	Thoranee Pipat Co.,Ltd.	
		State Universit	ty		1988-1998	Finance Director	Prakit Holdings Plc.	
					1978-1988	Executive	Diethelm Advertising	
						Manager	Co.,Ltd.	
					1975-1978	Internal Audit	IFCT	
6. Dr. Pichai Charnsupharindr	74	B.A. in Econor	-	No	Present	Independent Director	Prakit Holdings Plc.	
Audit Committee and		Thammasart				and Audit Committee	· •	
Independent Director		University				Director	Thammasart Association	
		Master Degree	' }				Thammasart University	
		University of				Consultant	The Feceration of Saving	
		the Philippines					of Thailand Limited	
		Ph.D. in				Consultant	The Saving Cooperative	
		Economics					of Thammasart University	
		University of			1965-2003	A Dean of Faculty	Faculty of Economics	
		the Philippines					Thammasart University	
						Vice Rector	Planning and Development	
							Department	
							Thammasart University	
						President	The Saving Cooperative	
						regident	of Thammasart University	
						Director and		
						Director and	The Professor Council	
						Secretary	of Thammasart University	
							Anandamahidol Foundation	
					_			
7. Dr. Manoon Pahirah	78	Bachelor Degr	-	No	Present		Prakit Holdings Plc.	
Independent Director and		of Economic				Audit Committee		
Audit Committee		Thammasart				Vice President of	Office of the National	
		University				Sub-Committee	Counter Corruption	
		Master Degree	e (ECON)				Commission	
		University of the	ne		2004-Present	Rector Advisor	Krirk University	
		Philippines			2001-2004	Rector	Krirk University	
		Ph.D. (ECON)			1999-2001	Dean of Pundit	Thammasart University	
		University of H	lawaii			Institute		

Detail of Director and Executive Management

1. Detail of Director and Executive Management

		Qualification	Company	Family		Working experie	ence in 5 years
Name-Position	Age	in Education	share portion	relationship of			Company's
			%	directors	Period	Position	Name
8. Ms. Wichuda Grairithikul	58	B.A.in Account	1.05%	No	1999-Present	Finance Director	Prakit Holdings Plc.
Chief Finance officer		Thammasart	voting right				
Company Secretary and		University	common		1996-1999	Deputy of Finance	Prakit Holdings Plc.
Audit Committee Secretary		Master degree	stock			Director	
		in Accounting					
		Thammasart			1994-1996	Finance Manager	Magnus Nangervis &
		University					Curl/FCB Ltd.
					1988-1994	Finance Manager	GSI Travel Co.,Ltd.
					1981-1987	Assistant Accounti	White Group Plc.
						Manager	
9. Mrs.Siriorn Chernpipat	53	B.A. in Mass	-	No	1993-Present	Executive Media	Prakit Holdings Plc.
Executive Media Director		Communication	า			Director	
		Thammasart					
		University			1990-1993	Media Manager	Prakit & FCB Co.,Ltd.
					1987-1990	Media Planner	Prakit & FCB Co.,Ltd.
10.Mr.Apirak Apisarnthanarak	45	BBA in Market	4.97%	President's	Present	Managing Director	Prakit Holdings Plc.
Director and Authorized		and Manageme	voting right	son		Director	Marketing Drive Worldwide
Director		of Information	common				(Thailand) Ltd.
		System	stock			Managing Director	Prakit Advertising Ltd.
		MBA at			2001-2007	Strategic Planning	Prakit Advertising Ltd.
		The University	of			Director/Business	
		North Carolina				Director	
		Chapel Hill			1999-2001	Strategic Planning	FCB Worldwide (New York)
						Analyst,	
					1997-1997	Marketing Associa	Colgate-Plamolive
							(Thailand) Ltd.

Details of Subsidiaries Director

		PRAKIT		Subsidiary	y Company		Related Companies		Other Company			
Name o	f Director	HOLDINGS	PRAKIT/FCB	PRAKIT	RKETING DRI	rakit Advertising	DIRECT		Bangkok Writer	PRAKIT &	62 Content &	Double P
		PCL	(CAMBODIA)	ADVERTISING	WORLDWIDE	(Myanmar)	RESPONSE		and Partners	ASSOCIATE	Design	Marketing
Mr. Prakit	Apisarnthanarax	В, А, С	A, C	A, C	C		-		-	A, C		
Mr. Phisal	Prahasdangkura	В, С		С	С							
Mr. Pheecha	Chaochotechuang	С										A,C
Mr. Sommanous	Na Bangchang	F, G										
Dr. Pichai	Charnsupharindr	F,G										
Ms. Wichuda	Grairithikul	В		В		С			С		B, C	
Mr. Apirak	Apisarnthanarak	В,Д		В,Д	В,С	С			С		С	
Mr. Vichien	Nakintanond	С										
Mrs. Siriorn	Chernpipat	В		В		С						
Dr. Manoon	Pahirah	F, G										

A = President

B = Executive Board

C = Director D = Managing Director

E = General Manager

F = Audit Committee

G = Independent Director

H = Chief Executive Officer

D=Managing Director

Report of number of share held by Directors and executives as at December 31, 2016

	Name	20	15	Increase/	2016	%	20	16
		Director	Spouse	Decrease	Total		Director	Spouse
1. Mr.Prakit	Apisarnthanarax	4,899,900.00		482,700.00	5,382,600.00	9.79	5,299,900.00	82,700.00
2. Mr.Phisal	Prahasdadangkura	23,000.00	46,000.00	-	69,000.00	0.13	23,000.00	46,000.00
3. Mr.Preecha	Chaochotechuang	-	112,000.00	15,000.00	127,000.00	0.23	15,000.00	112,000.00
4. Mr. Vichien	Nakintanond	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Mr.Sommanou	s Na Bangchang	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6. Dr.Pichai	Charnsupharindr	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7. Dr.Manoon	Pahirah	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9. Mr.Apirak	Apisarnthanarak	2,608,793.00	-	124,300.00	2,733,093.00	4.97	2,659,593.00	73,500.00
10. Ms.Wichuda	Grairithikul	484,200.00	-	95,300.00	579,500.00	1.05	579,500.00	-
11. Mrs.Siriorn	Chernpipat	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Financial Statements

and

Independent Auditor's Report

1 January 2016 to 31 December 2016

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders and the Board of Directors of Prakit Holdings Public Company Limited

Opinion

I have audited the consolidated financial statements of Prakit Holdings Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries (the Group) and the separate financial statements of Prakit Holdings Public Company Limited (the Company), which comprise the consolidated and separate statements of financial position as at 31 December 2016, and the related consolidated and separate statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In my opinion, the accompanying consolidated and separate financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Prakit Holdings Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries and the separate financial position of Prakit Holdings Public Company Limited as at 31 December 2016, and the related consolidated and separate financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the Group and the Company in accordance with the Federation of Accounting Professions under the Royal Patronage of His Majesty the King's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, were of most significance in my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter How the matter was addressed Commission income on media agency service The key audit procedures included as follows: For the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group and the Inquire the management for the agreement and criterial Company earns commission income on media agency of media agency service regarding sale and purchase, service amounting to Baht 138 million in consolidated financial statement and Baht 81 million in the separate discount, and significant change from previous year, Evaluate and test of key internal control for commission financial statement. The commission income is recognized when the advertisements are broadcasted and the valuations income system. of media volume income are determined on commission Analysis the commission rate and compare with the rate, discount rate and media volume. Accordingly, the agreement of media agency service. timing of revenue recognition and measurement of the Sampling test with supporting documents of commission commission income is a significant risk of material income, media cost and related discount. misstatement to the financial statement of the Group and the Sampling test with cash receive and trace to the book Company. record.

Other matter

The consolidated financial statements of Prakit Holdings Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries and the separate financial statements of Prakit Holdings Public Company Limited for the year ended 31 December 2015 which are presented herein as comparative information, were audited by another auditor of Bunchikij Co., Ltd. who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements in his report dated 24 February 2016.

period.

Subsequent test for media discount after the reporting

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the Group and the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated and separate financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. The Group's annual report is expected to be made available to me after the date of this auditor's report.

My opinion on the consolidated and separate financial statements does not cover the other information as referred to above and I will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information as referred to above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether such the other information is materially inconsistent with the audited consolidated and separate financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When I read the Group's annual report, if I conclude that there is any material misstatement in those other information, I am required to communicate the matter to the management and those charged with governance to correct such information.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated and separate financial statements in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated and separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated and separate financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group and the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group and the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated and separate financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated and separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate
 in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group and the
 Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated and separate financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated and separate financial statements, including
 the disclosures, and whether the consolidated and separate financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities
 within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. I am responsible for the direction,
 supervision and performance of the Group audit. I remain solely responsible for my audit opinion.

I communicate with management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

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I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements

regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought

to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, I determine those matters that were of most

significance in the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key

audit matters. I describe these matters in my auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the

matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report

because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such

communication

The engagement partner responsible for the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Thanakorn Fakfaipol

mle

(Mr. Thanakorn Fakfaipol)

Certified Public Accountant No. 4879

Bunchikij Co., Ltd.

Bangkok

24 February 2017

Statements of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2016

		Consolidated finan	cial statements	Separate financia	al statements
ASSETS	Notes	2016	2015	2016	2015
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	5	97,478,142	85,102,746	56,345,930	33,073,494
Current investments					
Private fund	6	30,327,039	28,241,745	30,327,039	28,241,745
Others	7	382,239,829	318,751,930	311,749,219	295,589,935
Current portion of held-to-maturity debt securities	7	16,000,000	20,000,000	16,000,000	20,000,000
Trade accounts and other receivables	3, 8	252,731,951	310,538,891	177,305,200	234,537,945
Other current assets		10,846,266	9,460,176	4,119,787	5,386,123
Total current assets		789,623,227	772,095,488	595,847,175	616,829,242
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Bank deposit held as collateral	9	32,001,000	32,001,000	32,001,000	32,001,000
Investments in joint venture, associated and subsidiary companies	10	116,429,268	115,109,711	165,045,481	165,045,481
Other long-term investments	7	112,957,803	116,418,439	112,957,803	116,418,439
Loan to employees	11	25,000	350,000	25,000	300,000
Investment property	12	46,215,000	46,215,000	46,215,000	46,215,000
Property, plant and equipment	13	97,346,306	92,857,847	96,734,539	92,197,714
Intangible assets		12,529	22,528	12,526	22,525
Deferred tax assets	14	9,401,314	11,990,491	5,987,679	8,675,867
Other non-current assets		12,085,499	11,035,655	-	-
Total non-current assets		426,473,719	426,000,671	458,979,028	460,876,026
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>-</u>	1,216,096,946	1,198,096,159	1,054,826,203	1,077,705,268

Statements of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2016

	_	Consolidated finance	cial statements	Separate financia	l statements
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Notes	2016	2015	2016	2015
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Trade accounts and other payables	4, 15	302,446,115	272,261,883	207,386,226	211,036,679
Accrued income tax	,, 10	44,348	30,225,164	44,348	30,225,164
Other current liabilities		27,033,135	28,813,629	13,227,855	18,575,889
Total current liabilities	_	329,523,598	331,300,676	220,658,429	259,837,732
	_				
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Deferred lease right	16	14,481,220	15,565,702	14,481,220	15,565,702
Employee benefit obligations	17	21,510,767	17,597,697	9,150,439	6,061,041
Total non-current liabilities	_	35,991,987	33,163,399	23,631,659	21,626,743
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	365,515,585	364,464,075	244,290,088	281,464,475
	_				
EQUITY					
Share capital	18				
Authorized share capital					
99,484,000 common shares of Baht 1 each			99,484,000		99,484,000
94,438,800 common shares of Baht 1 each	<u>_</u>	94,438,800	_	94,438,800	
Issued and fully paid - up capital	_	_		_	
60,000,000 common shares of Baht 1 each		-	60,000,000	-	60,000,000
54,954,800 common shares of Baht 1 each		54,954,800	-	54,954,800	-
Premium on share capital	19	193,568,560	193,568,560	193,568,560	193,568,560
Retained earnings					
Appropriated to legal reserve		10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000
Unappropriated		612,514,980	598,463,915	573,777,759	562,314,653
Reserve for Treasury Shares	20	-	79,460,000	-	79,460,000
Treasury Shares	20	-	(79,460,000)	-	(79,460,000)
Other components of equity	_	(22,003,173)	(29,700,219)	(21,765,004)	(29,642,420)
Total equity attributable to the parent company	_	849,035,167	832,332,256	810,536,115	796,240,793
Non-controlling interests	_	1,546,194	1,299,828	<u> </u>	-
	_				
Total equity	_	850,581,361	833,632,084	810,536,115	796,240,793

Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31 December 2016

		Consolidated financ	ial statements	Separate financial	statements
	Notes	2016	2015	2016	2015
REVENUES	_				
Revenue from rendering services	4, 22	229,393,707	207,766,076	90,476,400	66,711,027
Revenue from agency	22	138,150,159	161,041,316	81,511,216	100,497,372
Interest income	22	4,557,340	5,155,708	4,376,405	4,945,321
Dividend income	10, 22	2,909,747	2,173,756	9,908,697	9,172,705
Management income	4	1,920,000	2,016,000	33,455,267	34,085,994
Gain from sales of investment property	4, 12	-	103,537,770	-	160,300,000
Other revenues		26,648,210	5,779,965	22,890,186	6,170,057
Total revenues	_	403,579,163	487,470,591	242,618,171	381,882,476
EXPENSES	_				
Cost of rendering of services	4, 24	194,424,627	179,854,045	85,962,036	63,158,778
Selling expenses	24	55,924,907	59,000,726	35,297,702	37,737,178
Administrative expenses	24	86,850,357	90,790,933	60,886,923	65,065,938
Total expenses	_	337,199,891	329,645,704	182,146,661	165,961,894
Profit before share of profit from investments in joint venture and	_				
associated companies - equity method		66,379,272	157,824,887	60,471,510	215,920,582
Share of profit from investments in joint venture and associated companies					
- equity method		1,319,557	1,491,574	-	-
Profit before income tax	_	67,698,829	159,316,461	60,471,510	215,920,582
Income tax	25	(12,810,371)	(42,828,140)	(9,858,639)	(41,385,124)
Net profit for the year	_	54,888,458	116,488,321	50,612,871	174,535,458
Other comprehensive income (loss):	_				
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss					
Actuarial gain (loss)	17	(4,124,772)	6,869	(2,324,506)	(147,189)
Income tax effects		824,955	(1,374)	464,901	29,438
	_	(3,299,817)	5,495	(1,859,605)	(117,751)
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	_				
Gain (loss) of revaluation of available-for-sale investments	7	9,846,770	(12,538,580)	9,846,770	(12,538,580)
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations		(180,370)	(48,254)	-	-
Income tax effects		(1,969,354)	2,507,716	(1,969,354)	2,507,716
	_	7,697,046	(10,079,118)	7,877,416	(10,030,864)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of income tax	_	4,397,229	(10,073,623)	6,017,811	(10,148,615)
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	59,285,687	106,414,698	56,630,682	164,386,843
Profit (loss) attributable to:	=				
Owners of the Company		54,641,042	116,645,990	50,612,871	174,535,458
Non-controlling interests		247,416	(157,669)	-	-
Net profit for the year	_	54,888,458	116,488,321	50,612,871	174,535,458
Total comprehensive income attributatble to:	=				
Owners of the Company		59,038,271	106,572,367	56,630,682	164,386,843
Non-controlling interests		247,416	(157,669)	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	59,285,687	106,414,698	56,630,682	164,386,843
Earnings per share	=				
Basic earnings per share	26	0.98	2.15	0.90	3.22
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements	= 3.				

Consolidated statements of changes in shareholders' equity

For the year ended 31 December 2016

Unit : Baht

Equity attributable to owners of the Company

					Retained earnings				Other components of equity					
									Fair value			Equity		
		Issued and		Surplus on					changes in	Currency	Total other	attributable to		Total
		paid - up		sale of			Reserve for		available-for-sale	translation	components of	owners of the	Non-Cotrolling	Shareholders'
	Notes	share capital	Share premium	treasury shares	Legal reserve	Unappropriated	Treasury Shares	Treasury Shares	investments	differences	equity	Company	Interests	equity
Balance at 1 January 2015		60,000,000	193,568,560	-	10,000,000	525,172,430	79,460,000	(79,460,000)	(19,611,556)	(9,545)	(19,621,101)	769,119,889	1,458,547	770,578,436
Dividend paid	21	-	-	-	-	(43,360,000)	-	-	-	-	-	(43,360,000)	(1,050)	(43,361,050)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year														
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	116,645,990	-	-	-	-	-	116,645,990	(157,669)	116,488,321
Other comprehensive income														
Actuarial gain		-	-	-	-	5,495	-	-	-	-	-	5,495	-	5,495
Others		-			<u> </u>	-	-	-	(10,030,864)	(48,254)	(10,079,118)	(10,079,118)	-	(10,079,118)
Balance at 31 December 2015		60,000,000	193,568,560	-	10,000,000	598,463,915	79,460,000	(79,460,000)	(29,642,420)	(57,799)	(29,700,219)	832,332,256	1,299,828	833,632,084
											,			
Balance at 1 January 2016		60,000,000	193,568,560	-	10,000,000	598,463,915	79,460,000	(79,460,000)	(29,642,420)	(57,799)	(29,700,219)	832,332,256	1,299,828	833,632,084
Dividend paid	21	-	-	-	-	(54,784,800)	-	-	-	-	-	(54,784,800)	(1,050)	(54,785,850)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year														
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	54,641,042	-	-	-	-	-	54,641,042	247,416	54,888,458
Other comprehensive income				-										
Actuarial loss		-	-	-	-	(3,299,817)	-	-	-	-	-	(3,299,817)	-	(3,299,817)
Others		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,877,416	(180,370)	7,697,046	7,697,046	-	7,697,046
Sale of treasury shares	20	-	-	2,108,680	-	10,340,760	(10,340,760)	10,340,760	-	-	-	12,449,440	-	12,449,440
Cancellation of treasury shares	20	(5,045,200)		(2,108,680)	-	7,153,880	(69,119,240)	69,119,240	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at 31 December 2016		54,954,800	193,568,560		10,000,000	612,514,980	-	-	(21,765,004)	(238,169)	(22,003,173)	849,035,167	1,546,194	850,581,361

Prakit Holdings Public Company Limited and its Subsidiaries Separate statements of changes in shareholders' equity For the year ended 31 December 2016

Unit : Baht

Other components of

				_		Retained earnings			equity	
				Surplus on			_		Fair value changes in	Total
		Issued and		sale of			Reserve for		available-for-sale	Shareholders'
	Notes	paid - up share capital	Share premium	treasury shares	Legal reserve	Unappropriated	Treasury Shares	Treasury Shares	investments	equity
Balance at 1 January 2015		60,000,000	193,568,560	-	10,000,000	431,256,946	79,460,000	(79,460,000)	(19,611,556)	675,213,950
Dividend paid	21	-	-	-	-	(43,360,000)	-	-	-	(43,360,000)
Total comprehensive income for the year										
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	174,535,458	-	-	-	174,535,458
Other comprehensive income										
Actuarial loss		-	-	-	-	(117,751)	-	-	-	(117,751)
Others			-						(10,030,864)	(10,030,864)
Balance at 31 December 2015		60,000,000	193,568,560	- [10,000,000	562,314,653	79,460,000	(79,460,000)	(29,642,420)	796,240,793
Balance at 1 January 2016		60,000,000	193,568,560	-	10,000,000	562,314,653	79,460,000	(79,460,000)	(29,642,420)	796,240,793
Dividend paid	21	-	-	-	-	(54,784,800)	-	-	-	(54,784,800)
Total comprehensive income for the year										
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	50,612,871	-	-	-	50,612,871
Other comprehensive income										
Actuarial loss		-	-	-	-	(1,859,605)	-	-	-	(1,859,605)
Others		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,877,416	7,877,416
Sale of treasury shares	20	-	-	2,108,680	-	10,340,760	(10,340,760)	10,340,760	-	12,449,440
Cancellation of treasury shares	20	(5,045,200)	<u>-</u>	(2,108,680)	<u>-</u> -	7,153,880	(69,119,240)	69,119,240	<u>-</u>	-
Balance at 31 December 2016		54,954,800	193,568,560	-	10,000,000	573,777,759	-	-	(21,765,004)	810,536,115

Statements of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2016

	_	Consolidated finance	cial statements	Separate financia	l statements
	Notes	2016	2015	2016	2015
Cash flows from operating activities	_		_		
Profit for the period		54,888,458	116,488,321	50,612,871	174,535,458
Adjustment for					
Depreciation	13	6,587,552	5,582,961	6,318,782	5,244,753
Amortisation of intangible assets		9,999	11,023	9,999	11,023
Reversal of allowance for doubtful debts		(2,083,109)	(655,991)	(2,125,437)	(655,991)
(Gain) loss on sales of current and long-tern investments		(4,457,894)	1,921,120	(4,871,527)	556,738
(Gain) loss on adjustment of fair value of current investments		(5,710,674)	(2,145,977)	(4,968,426)	(562,305)
(Gain) loss on sale of investment property	4, 12	-	(103,537,770)	-	(160,300,000)
(Gain) loss on sale of property, plant and equipment		(345,412)	2,743	44,640	-
Provisions for employee benefits	17	2,349,898	2,557,635	764,892	772,977
Revenue from deferred lease right	16	(1,084,483)	(1,084,483)	(1,084,483)	(1,084,483)
Dividend income		(2,909,747)	(2,173,755)	(9,908,697)	(9,172,706)
Interest income		(4,557,340)	(5,155,708)	(4,376,405)	(4,945,321)
Other income		-	(1,000)	-	(1,000)
Share of (profit) loss from associated companies and joint venture - equity method		(1,319,557)	(1,491,574)	-	-
Unrealized (gain) loss from exchange rates		(64,150)	(115,660)	-	-
Income tax expense	_	12,810,371	42,828,141	9,858,639	41,385,124
	_	54,113,912	53,030,026	40,274,848	45,784,267
Changes in operating assets and liabilities					
Current investments sold		127,219,869	245,384,613	127,219,869	226,186,358
Addition to current investments		(187,108,738)	(311,704,383)	(140,108,738)	(291,704,382)
Trade accounts and other receivables		67,774,555	(50,473,806)	67,293,539	(55,389,295)
Other current assets		6,437,997	6,885,706	1,266,336	206,783
Other non-current assets		(5,221,464)	(4,981,399)	-	-
Trade accounts and other payable		34,435,928	35,025,775	601,243	30,673,451
Other current liabilities		(1,780,494)	7,581,562	(5,348,034)	6,825,210
Employee benefit obligations paid	17	(2,561,600)	(4,812,000)	<u> </u>	(1,874,000)
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	93,309,965	(24,063,906)	91,199,063	(39,291,608)
Income tax paid	_	(45,198,878)	(20,656,323)	(38,855,720)	(15,184,817)
Net Cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	48,111,087	(44,720,229)	52,343,343	(54,476,425)
	_				

Statements of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2016

		Consolidated finance	cial statements	Separate financial statements		
	Notes	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Cash flows from investing activities	_					
Loans to employees	11	-	(400,000)	-	(400,000)	
Cash received from loans to employees	11	560,000	510,000	395,000	325,000	
Time deposits		-	(1,000,000)	-	(1,000,000)	
Investment in an associate company	10	-	(150,375,000)	-	(150,375,000)	
Addition to long - term investments		(51,429,739)	(33,325,451)	(51,429,739)	(33,325,451)	
Cash received from redemption of long-term investments		20,000,000	16,952,313	20,000,000	14,952,313	
Cash received from sale of long-term investments		40,180,647	-	40,180,647	-	
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	13	(11,136,798)	(6,777,825)	(10,900,248)	(6,624,156)	
Purchase of intangible assets		-	(30,000)	-	(30,000)	
Cash received from sale of investment property	4, 12	-	250,300,000	-	250,300,000	
Cash received from sale of property, plant and equipment		390,075	12,000	-	-	
Dividend received		2,909,748	2,173,755	9,908,697	9,172,706	
Interest received	_	5,291,032	5,348,306	5,110,096	5,113,142	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	-	6,764,965	83,388,098	13,264,453	88,108,554	
Cash flows from financing activities						
Dividend paid	21	(54,784,800)	(43,360,000)	(54,784,800)	(43,360,000)	
Proceed from sale of treasury shares		12,449,440	-	12,449,440	-	
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(1,050)	(1,050)	-	-	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	_	(42,336,410)	(43,361,050)	(42,335,360)	(43,360,000)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	_	12,539,642	(4,693,181)	23,272,436	(9,727,871)	
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		85,102,746	89,774,793	33,073,494	42,801,365	
Effect of exchange rate changes on balances held in foreign currencies		16,124	21,134	-	-	
Gain (loss) from currency translation of foreign subsidiaries financial statements		(180,370)	-	-	-	
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	- -	97,478,142	85,102,746	56,345,930	33,073,494	
Non-cash transactions						
Unutilized credit facilities for future working capital		41,000,000	41,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

1. General information

Prakit Holdings Public Company Limited, the "Company", is incorporated in Thailand and has its registered office at 88 Soi Sukhumvit 62, 3rd intersection, Sukhumvit Road, Bangjak, Prakanong, Bangkok, Thailand.

The Company was registered with the Stock Exchange of Thailand on 30 July 1991.

The major shareholder for the period is Prakit and Associated Co., Ltd (held 24.95%) which is incorporated in Thailand.

The Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") is principally engaged in the production of media and advertisement, media agency, investing in securities and providing the management service to subsidiary, and affiliated companies. Details of the Company's subsidiaries as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 are disclosed in note 9.

2. Basis for preparation and presentation of financial statements

- 2.1 The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, which are issued under the Accounting Professions Act B.E.2547, and according to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission, and the regulation of the Stock Exchange of Thailand.
- 2.2 The financial statements are presented for Thai currency reporting purpose and prepared in Thai language. This English translation of financial statements has been prepared for the convenience of the readers. All financial information presented in Thai Baht has been rounded in the notes to the financial statements unless otherwise stated.
- 2.3 New Financial Reporting Standards
- 2.3.1 The Financial Reporting Standards that became effective in the current accounting period

The Group has adopted the Thai Financial Reporting Standards that are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. The adoption of these Thai Financial Reporting Standards does not have any significant impact on the Group financial statements.

2.3.2 The Financial Reporting Standards that will become effective in the future

The Financial Reporting Standards which are effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017 as follow:

Thai Financial Reporting Standards

TFRS 2 (revised 2016)	Share-based Payment
TFRS 3 (revised 2016)	Business Combinations
TFRS 4 (revised 2016)	Insurance Contracts
TFRS 5 (revised 2016)	Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations
TFRS 6 (revised 2016)	Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Assets
TFRS 8 (revised 2016)	Operating Segments
TFRS 10 (revised 2016)	Consolidated Financial Statements
TFRS 11 (revised 2016)	Joint Arrangements
TFRS 12 (revised 2016)	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities
TFRS 13 (revised 2016)	Fair Value Measurement

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

Accounting Standards	
TAS 1 (revised 2016)	Presentation of Financial Statements
TAS 2 (revised 2016)	Inventories
TAS 7 (revised 2016)	Statement of Cash Flows
TAS 8 (revised 2016)	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
TAS 10 (revised 2016)	Events After the Reporting Period
TAS 11 (revised 2016)	Construction Contracts
TAS 12 (revised 2016)	Income Taxes
TAS 16 (revised 2016)	Property, Plant and Equipment
TAS 17 (revised 2016)	Leases
TAS 18 (revised 2016)	Revenue
TAS 19 (revised 2016)	Employee Benefits
TAS 20 (revised 2016)	Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance
TAS 21 (revised 2016)	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates
TAS 23 (revised 2016)	Borrowing Costs
TAS 24 (revised 2016)	Related Party Disclosures
TAS 26 (revised 2016)	Accounting and Reporting by Retirement Benefit Plans
TAS 27 (revised 2016)	Separate Financial Statements
TAS 28 (revised 2016)	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures
TAS 29 (revised 2016)	Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies
TAS 33 (revised 2016)	Earnings Per Share
TAS 34 (revised 2016)	Interim Financial Reporting
TAS 36 (revised 2016)	Impairment of Assets
TAS 37 (revised 2016)	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets
TAS 38 (revised 2016)	Intangible Assets
TAS 40 (revised 2016)	Investment Property
TAS 41 (revised 2016)	Agriculture
TAS 104 (revised 2016)	Troubled Debt Restructuring
TAS 105 (revised 2016)	Accounting for Investments in Debt and Equity Securities
TAS 107 (revised 2016)	Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation
Financial Reporting Standard In	terpretations
TFRIC 1 (revised 2016)	Changes in Existing Decommissioning, Restoration and Similar Liabilities
TFRIC 4 (revised 2016)	Determining Whether an Arrangement Contains a Lease
TFRIC 5 (revised 2016)	Rights to Interests arising from Decommissioning, Restoration and

Environmental Rehabilitation Funds

TFRIC 7 (revised 2016)

Applying the Restatement Approach under TAS 29 (revised 2016) - Financial

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

	Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies
TFRIC 10 (revised 2016)	Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment
TFRIC 12 (revised 2016)	Service Concession Arrangements
TFRIC 13 (revised 2016)	Customer Loyalty Programmes
TFRIC 14 (revised 2016)	TAS 19 (revised 2016) Employee Benefits – The Limit on a Defined Benefit
	Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction
TFRIC 15 (revised 2016)	Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate
TFRIC 17 (revised 2016)	Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners
TFRIC 18 (revised 2016)	Transfers of Assets from Customers
TFRIC 20 (revised 2016)	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine
TFRIC 21 (revised 2016)	Levies

Accounting Standard Interpretations

TSIC 10 (revised 2016)	Government Assistance - No Specific Relation to Operating Activities
TSIC 15 (revised 2016)	Operating Leases – Incentives
TSIC 25 (revised 2016)	Income Taxes – Changes in the Tax Status of an Enterprise or its Shareholders
TSIC 27 (revised 2016)	Evaluating the Substance of Transactions in the Legal Form of a Lease
TSIC 29 (revised 2016)	Disclosure – Service Concession Arrangements
TSIC 31 (revised 2016)	Revenue – Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services
TSIC 32 (revised 2016)	Intangible Assets – Web Site Costs

FAP Announcement

No. 5/2559	Accounting guidance for derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities
No. 91/2559	Accounting guidance for insurance business to designate financial instruments as
	financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss

The Groups would not yet adopt the above standards before the effective date. The management of the Group are in the process of evaluating the impact of these Thai Financial Reporting Standards on the financial statements in the year when they are initially applied.

- 2.4 Historical cost is used as measurement basis in preparing these financial statements except some items indicated in relevant notes.
- 2.5 Preparation of financial statements in conformity with Thai Financial Reporting Standards, which requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of these interim financial statements. The actual results may differ from such estimates.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

3. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently in all periods presented in these financial statements.

3.1 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements relate to the Company and its subsidiaries and the Group's interests in associates and joint venture.

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income or expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity-accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an equity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from ther date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases.

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests as transactions with equity owners of the Group. For purchases from non-controlling interests, the difference between any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

When the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, and any related non-controlling interests and other components of equity. Any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in the former subsidiary is measured at fair value when control is lost.

Associates

Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint controls over the financial and operating policies.

Investments in associate are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method and are recognised initially at cost, which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of equity-accounted investees, until the date on which significant influence ceases.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

Joint venture

A joint venture is an arrangement in which the Group has joint control, whereby the Group has rights to the net assets of the arrangement, rather than rights to its assets and obligations for its liabilities.

Investment in joint venture are accounted for in the consolidated financial statement using the equity method and are recognised initially at cost, includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of equity-accounted investees, until the date on which joint control ceases.

3.2 Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currencies of Group entities at exchange rates at the dates of transactions

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities measured at cost in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated to Thai Baht at the exchange rate at reporting date.

The revenues and expenses of foreign operations are translated to Thai Baht at rates approximating the exchange rate at the dates of the transactions.

Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognized in other comprehensive income and presented in the foreign currency translation reserve in equity until disposal of the investment.

When the settlement of a monetary item receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely in the foreseeable future, foreign exchange gains and losses arising from such a monetary item are considered to form part of a net investment in a foreign operation and are recognised in other comprehensive income, and presented in the foreign currency translation reserve in equity until disposal of the investment.

3.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances, call deposits and highly liquid short-term investments.

3.4 Trade and other accounts receivable

Trade and other accounts receivable are stated at their invoice value less allowance for doubtful accounts.

The allowance for doubtful accounts is assessed primarily on analysis of payment histories and future expectations of customer payments. Bad debts are written off when incurred.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

3.5 Investments

Investments in joint venture, associates and subsidiaries

Investments in joint venture, associated and subsidiaries in the separate financial statements of the Company are accounted for using the cost method. Investment in joint venture and associates in the consolidated financial statements are accounted for using the equity method.

Investments in other debt and equity securities

Debt securities and marketable equity securities held for trading are classified as current assets and are stated at fair value, with any resultant gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

Debt securities that the Group has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity investments. Held-to-maturity investments are stated at amortised cost, less any impairment losses. The difference between the acquisition cost and redemption value of such debt securities is amortised using the effective interest rate method over the period to maturity.

Debt securities and marketable equity securities, other than those securities held for trading or intended to be held to maturity, are classified as available-for-sale investments. Available-for-sale investments are, subsequent to initial recognition, stated at fair value, and changes therein, other than impairment losses and foreign currency differences on available-for-sale monetary items, are recognised directly in equity. Impairment losses and foreign exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss. When these investments are derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised directly in equity is recognised in profit or loss. Where these investments are interest-bearing, interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss.

Equity securities which are not marketable are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

The fair value of financial instruments classified as held-for-trading and available-for-sale is determined as the quoted bid price at the reporting date.

Disposal of investments

On disposal of an investment, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount together with the associated cumulative gain or loss that was reported in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

If the Group disposes of part of its holding of a particular investment, the deemed cost of the part sold is determined using the weighted average method applied to the carrying value of the total holding of the investment.

3.6 Investment properties

Investment properties are properties which are held to earn rental income, for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes.

Investment properties are stated at cost less impairment loss.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the investment property to a working condition for its intended use.

The Group did not depreciate the investment in properties in land.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

3.7 Property, plant and equipment

Recognition and measurement

Owned assets

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to a working condition for their intended use, the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and capitalised borrowing costs. Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalised as part of that equipment.

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Gains and losses on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, and are recognised net in profit or loss.

Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing a part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Group, and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated based on the depreciable amount of buildings and equipment, which are the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its residual value.

Depreciation is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Land improvement	30	years
Buildings and improvement	30	years
Furniture and fixtures	5 - 10	years
Office equipment	3 - 10	years
Vehicles	5	years

No depreciation is provided on freehold land or assets under construction.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

3.8 Intangible assets

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Group and have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Amortisation

Amortisation is based on the cost of the asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its residual value.

Amortisation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets, from the date that they are available for use, since this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset. The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Computer software

3

vears

Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate.

3.9 Impairment of assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the assets' recoverable amounts are estimated.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss unless it reverses a previous revaluation credited to equity, in which case it is charged to equity.

When a decline in the fair value of an available-for-sale financial asset has been recognises directly in equity and there is objective evidence that the value of the asset is impaired, the cumulative loss that had been recognised directly in equity is recognised in profit or loss even though the financial asset has not been derecognised. The amount of the cumulative loss that is recognised in profit or loss is the difference between the acquisition cost and current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss.

Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of held-to-maturity securities carried at amortised cost is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interst rate.

The recoverable amount of available-for-sale financial assets is calculated by reference to the fair value.

The recoverable amount of a non-financial asset is the greater of the asset's value in use and fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

3.10 Trade and other accounts payable

Trade and other accounts payable are stated at cost.

3.11 Deferred lease right

Deferred lease right has been recognized as income by the straight-line method over the period of long-term lease agreement, over 29 years.

3.12 Employee benefits

Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognised as an employee benefit expense in profit or loss in the periods during which services are rendered by employees.

Defined benefit plans

The Group's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount. The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, actuarial gain or loss are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in profit or loss. The Group recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

Termination benefits

Termination benefits are expensed at the earlier of when the Group/Company can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognizes costs for a restructuring. If benefits are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting period, then they are discounted.

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

3.13 Provisions

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

3.14 Treasury stock

When share capital recognised as equity is repurchased, the amount of consideration paid, including directly attributable costs, is classified as treasury shares and recognised as a deduction from equity. An equal amount is appropriated from retained earnings and taken to a reserve for treasury shares within equity. When treasury shares are sold, the amount received is recognised as an increase in equity by crediting the cost of the treasury shares sold, calculated using the weighted average method, to the treasury shares account and transferring the equivalent amount back from reserve for treasury shares to retained earnings. Surpluses on the sale of treasury shares are taken directly to a separate category within equity, 'Surplus on treasury shares'. Net deficits on sale or cancellation of treasury shares are debited to retained earnings after setting off against any remaining balance of surplus on treasury shares.

3.15 Revenue

Revenue excludes value added taxes and is arrived at after deduction of trade discounts and volume rebates.

Sale of services rendered

Service income is recognised as services are provided.

Commissions

When the Group acts in capacity of an agent rather than as the principal in a transaction, the revenue recognized is the net amount of commission made by the Group.

Investments

Revenue from investments comprises rental income from investment properties and dividend and interest income from investments and bank deposits.

Rental income

Rental income from investment property is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognised as an integral part of the total rental income. Contingent rentals are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised in profit or loss on the date the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss as it accrues.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

3.16 Expenses

Operating leases

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

Contingent lease payments are accounted for by revising the minimum lease payments over the remaining term of the lease when the lease adjustment is confirmed.

Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease

At inception of an arrangement, the Group determines whether such an arrangement is or contains a lease. A specific asset is the subject of a lease if fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of that specified asset. An arrangement conveys the right to use the asset if the arrangement conveys to the Group the right to control the use of the underlying asset.

At inception or upon reassessment of the arrangement, the Group separates payments and other consideration required by such an arrangement into those for the lease and those for other elements on the basis of their relative fair values. If the Group concludes for a finance lease that it is impracticable to separate the payments reliably, an asset and a liability are recognised at an amount equal to the fair value of the underlying asset. Subsequently the liability is reduced as payments are made and an imputed finance charge on the liability is recognised using the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

Finance costs

Finance costs comprise interest expense on borrowings, unwinding of the discount on provisions and contingent consideration,

Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

Other expense

Other expense is recognized in profit or loss as it accrues.

3.17 Income tax

Income tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of goodwill; the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss; and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries and joint venture to the extent that it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

In determining the amount of current and deferred tax, the Group takes into account the impact of uncertain tax positions and whether additional taxes and interest may be due. The Group believes that its accruals for tax liabilities are adequate for all open tax years based on its assessment of many factors, including interpretations of tax law and prior experience. This assessment relies on estimates and assumptions and may involve a series of judgements about future events. New information may become available that causes the Group to change its judgment regarding the adequacy of existing tax liabilities; such changes to tax liabilities will impact tax expense in the period that such a determination is made.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

3.18 Earnings per share

The Group presents basic earnings per share data for its ordinary shares. Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

3.19 Segment reporting

Segment results that are reported to the chief operating decision maker include items directly attributable to a segment, as well as those that can be allocated on reasonable basis.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

4. Related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the company if the Company has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control or joint control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the company and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

Relationships with the related parties beside subsidiaries and associate companies and joint venture as disclosed in note 10 were as follows:

Related company	Location	Relationship
62 Content & Design Ltd.	Thailand	common shareholders and/or directors
(Formerly name : 62 Graphic & Retouch Ltd.)		
Impact VDO Production Co., Ltd.	Thailand	common shareholders and/or directors
Double P Marketing Communications Ltd.	Thailand	common shareholders and/or directors
DRAFT Advertising (Cambodia) Limited	Cambodia	common shareholders

The pricing policies for particular types of transactions are explained further below:

Transaction	Explanation
Services incomes	The fees are charged at the same condition and basis as general customers
Cost of service	The mutually agreed rate
Sale of asset	The mutually agreed price
Sale of investment property	Appraisal value by independent appraiser
Office rental	Based on the space rate charged to other tenants
Management agreement	The mutually agreed rate
Dividend income	As declared by the invested entities

For the year ended 31 December 2016, the Company and its subsidiaries have made cash collection on behalf of a foreign related company in respect of media production cost in the amount of Baht 54.47 million (2015: Baht 33.52 million) and media cost of Baht 52.16 million (2015: Baht 38.32 million). No service fee has been considered for such activities.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

The related party transactions with related companies for each of the year ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 are detailed as follows:

	Consolidated		Separate		
	financial st	financial statements		financial statements	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Subsidiary companies					
Service income	-	-	25	90	
Management income	-	-	31,535	32,070	
Rental income	-	-	3,107	3,107	
Dividend income	-	-	6,999	6,999	
Other income	-	-	97	97	
Cost of services	-	-	22,494	12,776	
Expenses	-	-	-	3,840	
Associated companies					
Management income	-	96	-	96	
Rental income	-	60	-	60	
Other income	-	24	-	24	
Dividend income	490	-	490	-	
Gain from sales of investment property*	-	103,538	-	160,300	
Joint Venture					
Service income	5,936	4,937	6	10	
Agency commission	489	177	489	177	
Management income	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	
Rental income	285	180	285	180	
Other income	-	64	-	64	
Other related companies/person					
Service income	3,857	1,112	712	42	
Agency commission	1,559	36	1,559	36	
Management income	120	120	120	120	
Rental income	300	-	300	-	
Other income	2	-	2	-	
Cost of services	4,411	4,369	1,243	1,222	
Key management remuneration					
Short - term benefits	21,429	25,372	15,011	16,722	
Post-employment benefits	475	706	187	250	
Total key management remuneration	21,904	26,078	15,198	16,972	

^{*} Gain from sales of investment properties was eliminated as intercompany transactions with investment in joint ventures as proportionate.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

Balances as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 with related parties are detailed as follows:

4.1 Trade accounts receivable-related companies

Unit: Thousand Baht

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
<u>-</u>				
_	2016	2015	2016	2015
Subsidiary companies				
Prakit Advertising Co., Ltd.	-	-	22,489	14,422
Marketing Drive Worldwide (Thailand) Ltd.	-	-	101	165
Associated company				
Direct Response (Thailand) Ltd.	-	16	-	16
Joint Venture				
Bangkok Writer and Partners Company Limited	7,682	6,194	696	1,058
Other related companies				
Double P Marketing Communications Ltd.	183	1,098	183	-
62 Content & Design Ltd.				
(Formerly name : 62 Graphic & Retouch Ltd.)	-	21	-	21
DRAFT Advertising (Cambodia) Limited	3	18	3	
Total	7,868	7,347	23,472	15,682
Less Allowance for doubtful debts	<u>-</u>	-		
Net	7,868	7,347	23,472	15,682

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, aging analysis of trade accounts receivable from related companies are detailed as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Within credit terms	1,417	2,360	9,320	9,573
Overdue:				
Less than 3 months	1,397	1,391	8,404	5,852
3 - 6 months	1,460	1,786	5,578	159
6 - 12 months	2,738	1,810	170	98
Over 12 months	856			
Total	7,868	7,347	23,472	15,682
Less Allowance for doubtful account	-	-	-	-
Net	7,868	7,347	23,472	15,682

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

4.2 Media receivable-related companies

Unit: Thousand Baht

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Subsidiary company		·		
Marketing Drive Worldwide (Thailand) Ltd.	-	-	10,121	1,777
Other related companies				
DRAFT Advertising (Cambodia) Limited	97	-	97	-
Double P Marketing Communication Ltd.	12,727	-	12,727	-
Joint Venture				
Bangkok Writer and Partners Company Limited	20,684	13,014	20,684	13,014
Total	33,508	13,014	43,629	14,791

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, aging analysis of media accounts receivable from related companies are detailed as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Within credit terms	13,485	1,567	16,383	3,344
Overdue:				
Less than 3 months	5,446	1,686	12,669	1,686
3 - 6 months	7,773	5,930	7,773	5,930
6 - 12 months	6,804	3,831	6,804	3,831
Over 12 months	-	-	-	-
Total	33,508	13,014	43,629	14,791
Less Allowance for doubtful account	-	-	-	-
Net	33,508	13,014	43,629	14,791

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

4.3 Advances to related companies

Unit: Thousand Baht

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Subsidiary companies				
Prakit & FCB (Myanmar) Limited	-	-	2,486	2,486
Prakit Advertising (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.	-	-	3,763	3,257
Prakit & FCB (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	-	-	-	2,125
Associated company				
Direct Response (Thailand) Limited.	-	4	-	5
Other related company				
DRAFT Advertising (Cambodia) Ltd.	2,545	4,719		13
Total	2,545	4,723	6,249	7,886
Less Allowance for doubtful debts		<u> </u>	(2,486)	(4,611)
Net	2,545	4,723	3,763	3,275

4.4 Trade accounts paybale-related companies

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
_	2016	2015	2016	2015
Subsidiary companies	_		_	
Prakit Advertising Co., Ltd.	-	-	30,067	41,042
Marketing Drive Worldwide (Thailand) Ltd.	-	-	843	1,687
Prakit Advertising (Myanmar) Co., Ltd.	-	-	79	-
Other Related company				
62 Content & Design Ltd.				
(Formerly name: 62 Graphic & Retouch Ltd.)	2,575	4,423	152	1,231
Total	2,575	4,423	31,141	43,960

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

4.5 Media payable-related companies

			Unit: Thousand Bant		
	Consolid	ated	Separa	ate	
	financial statements		financial statements		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Subsidiary company					
Prakit Advertising Co., Ltd				1,063	

4.6 Billing agent payable - related company

Unit : Thousand Baht

Separate

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate		
			financial statements		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
DRAFT Advertising (Cambodia) Limited	46,670	42,339	21,646	15,474	

4.7 Other matters

The Company's bank deposit as mentioned in Note 9 has been pledged as collateral to obtain overdrafts facilities and letter of guarantee of a joint-venture company from a bank amounting to Baht 30 million.

Portions of land and building have been mortgaged and pledged as collateral to obtain Baht 58.50 million bank credit facilities for bank overdrafts of a subsidiary company.

Two subsidiary companies have entered into agreements to rent office spaces from the Company for periods of 3 years ended December 2015 and extending to December 2018 and ending December 2017, respectively, with the monthly rental rates at Baht 40,000 and Baht 113,200, respectively.

A subsidiary has entered into an agreement to lease office equipment and vehicle from the Company for a period of 3 years ending December 2017, with the monthly rental rate at Baht 105,738.

A joint-venture company has entered into an agreement to rent office space from the Company for a period of 1 year ending in May 2017, with the monthly rental rate at Baht 30,000.

The Company has entered into agreements to provide management services to 2 subsidiary companies for a period of 1 year ending December 2016, with the monthly service rate at Baht 2,289,055 plus 1% of media cost for the first subsidiary and at Baht 32,000 for the second subsidiary. The Company has also entered into an agreement to provide management service to a joint-venture company for a period of 2 years and 2 months ending December 2016 with the monthly service rate at Baht 150,000.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

5. Cash and cash equivalents

Unit: Thousand Baht

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate		
			financial statements		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Cash on hand	1,115	492	45	45	
Cash at banks – current accounts	13,824	9,440	947	4,066	
Cash at banks - savings accounts	82,539	75,171	55,354	28,963	
Total	97,478	85,103	56,346	33,074	

6. Investments in Private Fund

In 2005, the Company has invested in a private fund. The Company has appointed SCB Asset Management Co., Ltd. as the Company's fund management with the initial fund of Baht 20 million. The Company has set the investment policy as Privileged Select – IPO which is a flexible fund and emphasizes on investing in equity securities, common shares of newly listed companies with good performance and debt securities. Such investment policy is depending upon the authorized security company's judgment based on the Company's investment objective. The management and custodian fees will be charged at the rates stipulated in the fund management contract. Bank of Ayudhaya Plc. has been appointed as the Company's custodian.

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015 the investment in private fund consisted of.

Consolidated and Separate financial statement		
20,000	20,000	
10,327	8,242	
30,327	28,242	
	2016 20,000 10,327	financial statement 2016 2015 20,000 20,000 10,327 8,242

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, the Company received the investment report from the assets management company, the manager of the above- mentioned fund, with the details as follows:

Unit: Thousand Baht

Consolidated and Separate

	financial sta	financial statement		
	2016	2015		
Cash on hand and at banks				
Deposits	1,271	3,083		
Investments in securities- fair value				
Debt securities				
Debentures	14,205	12,334		
Bonds	6,981	4,065		
Promissory notes	-	996		
Open-End Fund	6,556	7,532		
Other assets and other liabilities				
Other assets	1,324	241		
Other liabilities	(10)	(9)		
Total	30,327	28,242		

7. Investments In Securities

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015 investments in securities consisted of:

Current Investments

Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
4,935	6,300	4,935	6,300
830	(1,473)	830	(1,473)
5,765	4,827	5,765	4,827
373,706	311,578	303,543	288,636
2,769	2,347	2,441	2,127
376,475	313,925	305,984	290,763
382,240	318,752	311,749	295,590
	4,935 830 5,765 373,706 2,769 376,475	financial statements 2016 2015 4,935 6,300 830 (1,473) 5,765 4,827 373,706 311,578 2,769 2,347 376,475 313,925	financial statements financial statements 2016 2015 2016 4,935 6,300 4,935 830 (1,473) 830 5,765 4,827 5,765 373,706 311,578 303,543 2,769 2,347 2,441 376,475 313,925 305,984

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

The movements of current investments for each of the year ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

Unit: Thousand Baht

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate	
			financial statements	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Beginning balance of the period	318,752	251,559	295,590	229,418
Acquisition	187,109	311,704	140,109	291,704
Disposal	(127,220)	(245,385)	(127,220)	(226,186)
Total	378,641	317,878	308,479	294,936
Gain from fair value adjustment	3,599	874	3,270	654
Net	382,240	318,752	311,749	295,590

Other long-Term Investment

	Unit : Thou				
As at 31 December 2016	Consolidated/ Separate financial statements				
	Security				
	available	Held to	Other		
	for Sale	Maturity	Investment	Total	
Debt Securities-Cost	-	71,000	5,000	76,000	
Unrealized gain (loss) on fair value adjustment	-	-	26	26	
	-	71,000	5,026	76,026	
Less Current portion of held to maturity debt securities	-	(16,000)	-	(16,000)	
Total debt securities	-	55,000	5,026	60,026	
Equity Securities-Cost	80,138	-	-	80,138	
Unrealized gain (loss) on fair value adjustment	(27,206)	-	-	(27,206)	
Total equity securities	52,932	-		52,932	
Net	52,932	55,000	5,026	112,958	

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

Unit: Thousand Baht

As at 31 December 2015	Con	nsolidated/ Separa	te financial stateme	ents
	Security			
	available	Held to	Other	
	for Sale	Maturity	Investment	Total
Debt Securities-Cost	-	76,000	-	76,000
Unrealized gain (loss) on fair value adjustment	-	-	-	-
	-	76,000	-	76,000
Less Current portion of held to maturity debt securities	-	(20,000)	-	(20,000)
Total debt securities	-	56,000	-	56,000
Equity Securities-Cost	97,471	-	-	97,471
Unrealized gain (loss) on fair value adjustment	(37,053)	-	-	(37,053)
Total equity securities	60,418	-	-	60,418
Net	60,418	56,000	_	116,418

The movements of long-term investments for the year ended 30 December 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

Unit: Thousand Baht

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Beginning balance of the period	136,418	131,222	136,418	129,222
Acquisition	47,178	37,577	47,178	37,577
Disposal	(64,511)	(19,842)	(64,511)	(17,842)
Total	119,085	148,957	119,085	148,957
Unrealized gain (loss) on fair value adjustment	9,873	(12,539)	9,873	(12,539)
Net investment	128,958	136,418	128,958	136,418
Less Current portion of held to maturity debt securities	(16,000)	(20,000)	(16,000)	(20,000)
Net	112,958	116,418	112,958	116,418

Differences between fair values and cost values are treated as "unrealized gain (loss) from fair value adjustment in securities" and presented in statements of comprehensive income.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

The maturity period of held-to-maturity debt securities are as follows:

As at 31 December 2016

Unit: Thousand Baht

	Conso	lidated	Separate		
	financial s	statements	nents financial statemen		
Maturity period	Cost Value	Fair Value	Cost Value	Fair Value	
Not over 1 year	16,000	16,000	16,000	16,000	
Over 1 year but not over 5 years	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	
Over 5 years but not over 10 years	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	
Total	71,000	71,000	71,000	71,000	

As at 31 December 2015

Unit: Thousand Baht

Conso	lidated	Separate		
financial	statements	financial statements		
Cost Value	Fair Value	Cost Value	Fair Value	
20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	
31,000	31,000	31,000	31,000	
25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	
76,000	76,000	76,000	76,000	
	Cost Value 20,000 31,000 25,000	20,000 20,000 31,000 31,000 25,000 25,000	financial statements financial statements Cost Value Fair Value Cost Value 20,000 20,000 20,000 31,000 31,000 31,000 25,000 25,000 25,000	

8. Trade accounts receivable and other receivables

As 31 December 2016 and 2015, trade accounts receivable and other receivables are detailed as follows:

	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial st	financial statements		tatements
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Trade accounts receivable				
Trade accounts and notes receivable				
Related parties	7,868	7,347	23,472	15,682
Other parties – net	17,413	28,273	6,814	16,674
Media and notes receivable				
Related parties	33,508	13,014	43,629	14,791
Other parties - net	98,027	202,178	51,349	156,170

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

Unit: Thousand Baht

	Consolidated		Sepa	rate
	financial st	atements	financial statements	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Other receivables				
Billing agent receivables	29,043	25,898	15,237	13,752
Advances to related companies - net	2,545	4,723	3,763	3,275
Advances payments for media	29,269	7,198	14,106	3,417
Accrued income	12,714	11,634	5,665	7,493
Advances payments - others	60	1,359	45	50
Others	22,285	8,915	13,225	3,234
Net	252,732	310,539	177,305	234,538

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, trade accounts receivable from other companies are detailed by aging analysis as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Within credit terms	7,648	20,929	1,711	12,732
Overdue:				
Less than 3 months	6,983	6,742	3,325	3,506
3-6 months	2,518	354	1,524	262
6-12 months	143	115	133	104
Over 12 months	3,844	3,810	2,163	2,112
Total	21,136	31,950	8,856	18,716
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(3,723)	(3,677)	(2,042)	(2,042)
Net	17,413	28,273	6,814	16,674

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, media receivables from other companies are detailed by aging analysis as follows:

Unit: Thousand Baht

	Consolidated financial statements		Separat	te
			financial statements	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Within credit terms	52,512	157,091	17,482	124,917
Overdue:				
Less than 3 months	30,320	33,282	20,011	21,123
3-6 months	4,156	4,964	2,817	3,662
6-12 months	6,016	4,197	6,015	3,824
Over 12 months	15,886	13,507	8,671	6,291
Total	108,890	213,041	54,996	159,817
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(10,863)	(10,863)	(3,647)	(3,647)
Net	98,027	202,178	51,349	156,170

9. Bank Deposit held as collateral

Unit: Thousand Baht

Consolidated/ Separate financial statements

	201	2016		
	Amount	Interest Rate	Amount	Interest Rate
Time deposit - bank overdraft	30,000	1.70%	30,000	2.60%
Saving lottery - retention	2,001	-	2,001	-
Total	32,001		32,001	

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

10. Investments in joint venture, associated and subsidiary companies

As at 31 December 2016

Unit: Thousand Baht

Consolidated financial statements

				Valua	tion	
		Paid-up share	Investment			
	Type of	capital	Ownership	Cost	Equity	Dividend
Company	business	(in Baht)	(%)	method	method	received
Associated Companies						
Direct Response (Thailand) Ltd.	Advertising	2,000,000	49.00	1,421	2,171	490
Sukhumvit 62 Medical Ltd.	Hospital	428,625,000	35.41	150,375	93,272	-
Joint Venture (Held by a subsidiary)						
Bangkok Writer and Partners Co., Ltd.	Advertising	10,000,000	42.00	16,800	20,986	-
					116,429	490

As at 31 December 2015

Unit: Thousand Baht

Consolidated financial statements

				Valu	ation	
		Paid-up share	Investment			
	Type of	capital	Ownership	Cost	Equity	Dividend
Company	business	(in Baht)	(%)	method	method	received
Associated Companies						
Direct Response (Thailand) Ltd.	Advertising	2,000,000	49.00	1,421	2,237	-
Sukhumvit 62 Medical Limited	Hospital	428,625,000	35.41	150,375	93,388	-
Joint Venture (Held by a subsidiary)						
Bangkok Writer and Partners Co., Ltd.	Advertising	10,000,000	42.00	16,800	19,485	-
					115,110	-

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

As at 31 December 2015

Unit: Thousand Baht

Senarate	financial	statements

		Paid-up share						
	Type of	capital	Investment (Ownership	Valuation of	investments		
Company	business	(in Baht/ US\$)	(%)	by cost i	nethod	Divi	dend
			2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Subsidiary Companies								
Prakit Advertising Co., Ltd	Advertising	10,000,000	99.99	99.99	9,999	9,999	4,999	4,999
Prakit&FCB (Myanmar) Limited*	Advertising	88,084 US\$	90.00	90.00	2,011	2,011	-	-
Prakit&FCB (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	Advertising	25,000 US\$	80.00	80.00	507	507	-	-
Marketing Drive Worldwide								
(Thailand) Limited	Advertising	2,000,000	99.965	99.965	1,999	1,999	1,999	1,999
Prakit Advertising (Myanmar) Co.,Ltd	Advertising	25,000 US\$	90.00	90.00	744	744	-	-
Associated Companies								
Direct Response (Thailand) Limited	Advertising	2,000,000	49.00	49.00	1,421	1,421	490	-
Sukhumvit 62 Medical Limited **	Hospital	428,625,000	35.41	35.41	150,375	150,375	-	-
Total					167,056	167,056	7,488	6,998
Less Allowance for impairment loss					(2,011)	(2,011)	-	-
Total investments					165,045	165,045	7,488	6,998

*The Company did not include the financial statements of Prakit & FCB (Myanmar) Limited for each of the period ended 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2015 in the consolidated financial statements due to such company has ceased its operations and is currently in the process of liquidation.

**The board of directors's meeting No. 5/2015 held on 23 July 2015, approved to purchase 7,500 common shares of Sukhumvit 62 Medical Ltd. ("Medical") at total value of Baht 750,000 and another of 2,992,500 shares from increase in additional share capital of such company at par of Baht 100 per share, total holding in 3,000,000 shares of Medical represents 35.41% of registered share capital. The Company has paid Baht 50 per share for the newly increased shares.

The financial statements of associates and joint ventures as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 audited by other auditors.

The financial information of associates and joint ventures and the Group's interest in these companies are as follows.

Unit: Thousand Baht Bangkok Writer and Sukhumvit 62 Direct response (Thailand) Ltd. Medical Ltd. Partners Co., Ltd. 2016 2015 2016 2015 2016 2015 Total assets 3,485 5,656 78,534 64,619 430,273 427,641 Total liabilities 25 1,061 58,566 48,226 3,034 75 Total income 23 1,824 149,879 144,955 873 355 4,564 Profit (loss) for the year (135)(408)3,575 (327)(636)Share of profit (loss) on equity method (66)(199)1,501 1,916 (116)(225)Group share of net asset 1,695 2,252 8,387 6,885 151,286 151,401

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

11. Loans to employee

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, the movement of loans to employees were as follows:

Unit: Thousand Baht

	Consoli	idated	Separate financial statements	
	financial st	tatements		
	2016 2015		2016	2015
Beginning balance	815	925	600	525
Add increase during the year	-	400	-	400
Total	815	1,325	600	925
Less decrease during the year	(560)	(510)	(395)	(325)
Ending balance	255	815	205	600
Less current portion of due within 1 year	(230)	(465)	(180)	(300)
Net	25	350	25	300

According to the Company's policy, the interest free loans were provided to its employees as fringe benefits of its employees. Current portion of loan to employees were included in other current assets.

12. Investment property

As at 31 December 2016, the investment property represent investment in land for lease at cost of Baht 46.22 *million (2015: Baht 46.22 million)*, at fair value of Baht 125.32 million (2015: Baht 125.32 million).

In 2015, the Company sold an investment property with the carrying amount of Baht 90 million to an associated company at Baht 250.30 million. Gain from sale were recorded in the separated and consolidated financial statements in the amount of Baht 160.30 million and Baht 103.54 million, respectively.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

13. Property, plant and equipment

Unit: Thousand Baht

Consolidated financial statements

				Consor	idated imancial stateme	ents			
		Buildings and	Land	Leasehold asset	Furniture and	Office		Construction in	
Cost	Land	improvement	improvement	improvements	fixtures	equipment	Vehicles	progress	Total
As at 1 January 2015	54,811	89,481	2,699	439	11,242	14,133	21,154	-	193,959
Purchase	-	42	-	55	361	998	1,453	3,868	6,777
Disposal	-	-	-	(45)	(39)	(296)	-	-	(380)
As at 31 December 2015	54,811	89,523	2,699	449	11,564	14,835	22,607	3,868	200,356
Purchase	-	5,509	-	-	5,110	3,089	1,297	5,313	20,318
Disposal	-	-	-	(142)	(456)	(844)	(3,559)	(9,181)	(14,182)
As at 31 December 2016	54,811	95,032	2,699	307	16,218	17,080	20,345	-	206,492
Accumulated depreciation				·					
As at 1 January 2015	-	59,426	1,631	164	10,427	12,741	17,823	-	102,212
Depreciation for the year	-	3,392	90	75	275	685	1,066	-	5,583
Disposal				(7)	(28)	(262)			(297)
As at 31 December 2015	-	62,818	1,721	232	10,674	13,164	18,889	-	107,498
Depreciation for the year	-	4,042	89	63	437	970	986	-	6,587
Disposal	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	(135)	(445)	(802)	(3,558)		(4,940)
As at 31 December 2016	-	66,860	1,810	160	10,666	13,332	16,317	-	109,145
Net book Value									
As at 31 December 2015	54,811	26,705	978	217	890	1,671	3,718	3,868	92,858
As at 31 December 2016	54,811	28,172	889	147	5,552	3,748	4,028	-	97,347

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

Unit: Thousand Baht

Separate financial statements

_		Buildings and	Land	Furniture and	Office		Construction in	
Cost	Land	improvement	improvement	fixtures	equipment	Vehicles	progress	Total
As at 1 January 2015	54,811	89,481	2,699	10,892	10,808	15,867	-	184,558
Purchase	-	42	-	355	906	1,453	3,868	6,624
Disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31 December 2015	54,811	89,523	2,699	11,247	11,714	17,320	3,868	191,182
Purchase	-	5,509	-	5,055	2,907	1,297	5,313	20,081
Disposal	-			(381)	(761)		(9,181)	(10,323)
As at 31 December 2016	54,811	95,032	2,699	15,921	13,860	18,617	<u> </u>	200,940
Accumulated depreciation								
As at 1 January 2015	-	59,426	1,631	10,222	9,925	12,536	-	93,740
Depreciation for the year	-	3,392	90	219	477	1,067	-	5,245
Disposal	-							
As at 31 December 2015	-	62,818	1,721	10,441	10,402	13,603	-	98,985
Depreciation for the year	-	4,042	89	403	798	986	-	6,318
Disposal				(372)	(726)			(1,098)
As at 31 December 2016	-	66,860	1,810	10,472	10,474	14,589		104,205
Net book Value								
As at 31 December 2015	54,811	26,705	978	806	1,312	3,717	3,868	92,197
As at 31 December 2016	54,811	28,172	889	5,449	3,386	4,028	-	96,735

Some of land and building of Baht 82.82 million are mortaged to secure the bank overdraft of a subsidiary.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

14. Deferred tax asset

Deferred tax assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

Unit: Thousand Baht

	Consolida	ited	Separate		
	financial stat	ements	financial statements		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Deferred tax assets	11,181	12,792	7,673	9,449	
Deferred tax liabilities	(1,779)	(802)	(1,685)	(773)	
Net	9,402	11,990	5,988	8,676	

Movements in total deferred tax assets and liabilities during for the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements							
		(Charged)	/ Credited to:					
			Other	Recognized				
	1 January	Profit or	comprehend	direct to	31 December			
	2016	loss	sive income	Equity	2016			
Deferred tax assets					-			
Trade account receivable	1,035	-	-	-	1,035			
Other receivable	425	(425)	-	-	-			
Investments in subsidiaries	402	-	-	-	402			
Investment in marketable securities	7,410	-	(1,969)	-	5,441			
Provisions	3,520	(42)	825	-	4,303			
Total	12,792	(467)	(1,144)	-	11,181			
Deferred tax liabilities								
Investment in marketable securities	802	977	-	-	1,779			
Total	802	977		-	1,779			
Net	11,990	(1,444)	(1,144)	-	9,402			

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

Unit: Thousand Baht

Consolidated financial statements

		(Charged) / Credited to:			
			Other	Recognized	
	1 January	Profit or	comprehend	direct to	31 December
	2015	loss	sive income	Equity	2015
Deferred tax assets					
Trade account receivable	1,035	-	-	-	1,035
Other receivable	556	(131)	-	-	425
Investments in subsidiaries	402	-	-	-	402
Investment in marketable securities	4,903	-	2,507	-	7,410
Provisions	3,972	(451)	(1)	-	3,520
Total	10,868	(582)	2,506	-	12,792
Deferred tax liabilities					
Investment in marketable securities	1,194	(392)	-	-	802
Total	1,194	(392)		-	802
Net	9,674	(190)	2,506	-	11,990

Unit: Thousand Baht

Separate financial statements

					
		(Charged)	/ Credited to:		
			Other	Recognized	
	1 January	Profit or	comprehend	direct to	31 December
	2016	loss	sive income	Equity	2016
Deferred tax assets					
Other receivable	425	(425)	-	-	-
Investments in subsidiaries	402	-	-	-	402
Investment in marketable securities	7,409	-	(1,969)	-	5,440
Provisions	1,213	153	465		1,831
Total	9,449	(272)	(1,504)	-	7,673
Deferred tax liabilities					
Investment in marketable securities	773	912	-	=	1,685
Total	773	912	-	-	1,685
Net	8,676	(1,184)	(1,504)	-	5,988

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

Unit: Thousand Baht

Separate financial statements

	_	(Charged) / Credited to:			_
			Other	Recognized	
	1 January	Profit or	comprehend	direct to	31 December
	2015	loss	sive income	Equity	2015
Deferred tax assets					
Other receivable	556	(131)	-	-	425
Investments in subsidiaries	402	-	-	-	402
Investment in marketable securities	4,902	-	2,507	-	7,409
Provisions	1,404	(220)	29	-	1,213
Total	7,264	(351)	2,536	-	9,449
Deferred tax liabilities					
Investment in marketable securities	1,078	(305)	-	-	773
Total	1,078	(305)	-	-	773
Net	6,186	(46)	2,536	-	8,676

15. Trade accounts and other payables

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, trade accounts payable and other payables are consisted of :

			Unit: Thousand Bant			
	Consoli	dated	Separate financial statements			
	financial st	atements				
	2016	2015	2016	2015		
Trade accounts payable						
Trade accounts payable and notes payable						
Related companies	2,575	4,423	31,141	43,960		
Other companies	28,688	24,186	5,480	9,608		
Media and notes payable						
Related companies	-	-	-	1,063		
Other companies	146,914	138,649	100,961	96,691		
Total	178,177	167,258	137,582	151,322		
Other payables						
Billing agent payable – related company	46,670	42,339	21,646	15,474		
Billing agent payable - other	1,839	-	1,839	-		
Deposits received	51,939	29,177	31,880	24,299		
Accrued expenses	10,649	18,580	3,928	5,165		
Others	13,172	14,908	10,511	14,777		
Total	124,269	105,004	69,804	59,715		
Total trade accounts payable and other payables	302,446	272,262	207,386	211,037		

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

16. Deferred lease right

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, deferred lease right were consisted of:

Unit: Thousand Baht

Consolidated and Separate

	financial statements		
	2016	2015	
Deferred lease right	15,566	16,650	
Earned during the year	(1,084)	(1,084)	
Net	14,482	15,566	

Deferred lease right is the right from lending a plot of land to a company which has 29 year operating lease agreement. Furthermore, the Company receives the annual income from this asset as follows:

(in thousand Baht)

	Annul rental income
2011-2015	363
2016-2020	399
2021-2025	439
2026-2029	483

17. Employee benefit obligations

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Defined benefit obligations at 1 January	17,598	19,859	6,061	7,015
Actuarial gains recognized in other comprehensive income	4,125	(7)	2,325	147
Current service cost recognized in profit or loss	1,724	1,739	510	575
Interest on obligation recognized in profit or loss	626	819	255	198
Benefits paid by the plan	(2,562)	(4,812)		(1,874)
Defined benefit obligations at 31 December	21,511	17,598	9,151	6,061

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

Actuarial assumption at the reports date were as follows:

	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial s	financial statements		statements
	2016	2015	2016	2015
		(%	6)	
Discount rate	2.87	4.50	2.87	4.50
Turn over rate	0-34	0-34	0-34	0-34
Future salary increases	4.39	5.29	4.39	5.29
Mortality rate	100.0**	100.0**	100.0**	100.0**
Disability rate	10.0**	10.0**	10.0**	10.0**

^{**} Thailand Mortality Ordinary Table 2008

Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below.

Unit: Thousand Baht

	Consolidated		Separate		
	financial s	tatements	financial statements		
Defined benefit obligation 31 December 2016	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	
Discount Rate (0.50% movement)	20,788	22,409	8,774	9,550	
Salary Increase Rate (0.50% movement)	22,498	20,697	9,588	8,735	
Turnover Rate (0.50% movement)	20,588	22,622	8,684	9,646	

18. Share Capital

Unit: Thousand shares/ Baht Thousand

	Par value	2016		201	5
	(Baht)	No of share	Baht	No of share	Baht
Shre registered					
As at 1 January		99,484	99,484	99,484	99,484
Decrease share	1	(5,045)	(5,045)	-	-
As at 31 December	1	94,439	94,439	99,484	99,484
Paid up share					
As at 1 January		60,000	60,000	60,000	60,000
Decrease share	1	(5,045)	(5,045)		
As at 31 December	1	54,955	54,955	60,000	60,000

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

19. Capital surplus and reserves

Share premium

Section 51 of the Public Companies Act B.E. 1992 requires companies to set aside share subscription monies received in excess of the par value of the shares issued to a reserve account ("share premium"). Share premium is not available for dividend distribution.

Legal reserve

Section 116 of the Public Companies Act B.E. 1992 requires that a public company shall allocate not less than 5% of its annual net profit, less any accumulated losses brought forward, to a reserve account ("legal reserve"), until this account reaches an amount not less than 10% of the registered authorised capital. The legal reserve is not available for dividend distribution.

Treasury shares reserve

The treasury shares reserve represents the amount appropriated from retained earnings equal to the cost of the Company's own shares held by the Company. The treasury shares reserve is not available for dividend distribution.

Other component of equity

Currency translation differences

The currency translation differences account within equity comprises all foreign currency differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations in a foreign operation.

Fair value changes in available-for-sale investments

The fair value changes in available-for-sale investments account within equity comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of available-for-sale investments until the investments are derecognized

20. Treasury shares

On 8 April 2014, the Board of Directors approved to undertake a treasury share program for financial management purposes with the maximum amount of not exceeding Baht 79.46 million for the repurchase of not exceeding 5,800,000 shares at the par value of Baht 13.70 per share and not exceeding 9.67% of the total of paid - up shares. The procedure used for the repurchase of shares is on the general offer to shareholders at the price of baht 13.70 per share. The repurchase date was 28 April 2014. The payment for treasury shares was recognised as a separate item in the shareholder's equity. The Company has set up a reserve for this treasury shares equivalents to the repurchase value of the outstanding treasury shares.

The period of the resale of treasury shares is from 1 December 2014 to 18 November 2016 (after 6 months from the completion date of share repurchase and not later than 3 years from such date).

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

The amount of consideration paid for the repurchase of the Company's shares, including directly attributable costs, is classified as treasury shares and recognised as a separate item in shareholders' equity. An equal amount is appropriated from retained earnings and taken as a reserve for treasury shares. When treasury shares are sold, the amount received is recognised as an increase in equity. Cost of the treasury shares sold, calculated using the weighted average cost method, will be deducted from the treasury shares account and transferring the equivalent amount back from reserve for treasury shares to retained earnings. Surpluses on the sale of treasury shares are taken directly to a separate category within equity, 'Surplus on treasury shares'. Net deficits on sale or cancellation of treasury shares are charged to retained earnings after setting off against any remaining balance of surplus on treasury shares.

In 2016, the Company sold 754,800 treasury shares at the total value of Baht 12,449,440 and has a surplus of Baht 2,108,680. In addition, the Company has cancelled the remaining treasury share of 5,045,200 shares at the total cost of Baht 69,119,240 with reserve for treasury shares and decreased share registered and paid up share capital by adjusted the net amount of Baht 7,153,880 to the retained earnings with the surplus on the sale of treasury shares of Baht 2,108,680 and paid up share capital of Baht 5,045,200.

21. Dividend

The Company

The Annual General Meeting of the Company's No.1/2016 held on 25 April 2016 had passed a resolution to pay dividend at the rate of Baht 1 per share amounting to Baht 54.78 million, paid on 23 May 2016.

Held on 23 April 2015, the Annual General Meeting of the Company's No.1/2015 had pass a resolution to pay dividend at the rate of Baht 0.80 per share amounting to Baht 43.36 million, paid on 22 May 2015.

The Company has not paid dividend to foreign investors who are not eligible to receive dividend due to their investments have not been made in compliance with rules of SET.

Subsidiary

The Annual General Meeting of 2 subsidiaries No.1/2016 held on 28 April 2016 had passed a resolution to pay dividend at the rate of Baht 50 per share and Bath 100 per share, respectively, amounting to Baht 5 million and Bath 2 million, respectively.

The Annual General Meeting of 2 subsidiaries No.1/2015 held on 28 April 2015 had pass a resolution to pay dividend at the rate of Baht 50 per share and Bath 100 per share, respectively, amounting to Baht 5 million and Bath 2 million, respectively.

22. Segment information

The Group has three reportable segments, as described below, which are the Group's strategic divisions. The strategic divisions offer different services and are managed separately. For each of the strategic divisions, the chief operating decision maker (CODM) reviews internal management reports on at least a quarterly basis. The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

Segment 1 Advertising production

• Segment 2 Media agency

Segment 3 Investing business

In addition, the Group has presented the information relating to geographic segments based on the geographical location of assets.

Information regarding the results of each reportable segment is included in the internal management reports that are reviewed by the Group's CODM.

Information in reportable segment in consolidated financial statement information for the year ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 are as follow:

 Service income
 Agency income
 Investment income
 Total

 016
 2015
 2016
 2015
 2016
 2015

Unit: Million Baht

2016 Revenues 229 208 138 161 18 111 385 480 102 Profit for reportable segments 35 28 82 18 111 135 241 Unallocated other income 20 8 (90)Unallocated expense (87)Profit before income tax 68 159

Unit : Million Baht

	Service income		Agency income		Investment income		Total	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Total assets for reportable segments	33	39	153	238	690	631	876	908
Other unallocated amounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	340	290
Consolidated total assets	33	39	153	238	690	631	1,216	1,198

Information relating to geographical segments in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

Ollows:

Unit : Million Baht

	Domestic		Oversea		Total	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Agency, services and investment income	370	478	15	2	385	480
Profit for reportable segment	132	240	5	1	137	241
Total assets for reportable segment	1,183	1,190	33	8	1,216	1,198

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

23. Provident fund

The Company, the subsidiary companies and their employees have jointly established a provident fund in accordance with the Provident Fund Act B.E. 2530. The Company, the subsidiary companies and their employees contributed to the fund monthly at the rate of 5 percent of their basic salary. The fund, which is managed by Thanachart Fund Management Co., Ltd. will be paid to employees upon termination in accordance with the fund rules. For the year ended 31 December 2016 and 2015, the Company and it's subsidiaries contributed Baht 4.99 million and Baht 4.84 million respectively.

24. Expenses by nature

Significant expenses classified by nature were consisted of:

Unit: Thousand Baht Consolidated Separate financial statements financial statements 2016 2015 2016 2015 137,475 138,527 61,258 60,241 Employee expenses Cost of service 194,425 179,854 85,962 63,159 5,583 6,319 5,245 Depreciation expenses 6,588

25. Income tax

Income tax for the year ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

Consolidated Separate

Unit: Thousand Baht

	financial statements		financial statements	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Current income tax	11,366	42,638	8,675	41,339
Deferred income tax	1,444	190	1,184	46
Income tax reported in the statements of				
comprehensive income	12,810	42,828	9,859	41,385

Income tax recognized in other comprehensive income

	Consolidated financial statements						
	2016						
	Tax				Tax		
		(expense)			(expense)		
	Before tax	benefit	Net of tax	Before tax	benefit	Net of tax	
Available-for-sale financial assets	9,846	(1,969)	7,877	(12,539)	2,507	(10,032)	
Provisions	(4,125)	825	(3,300)	6	(1)	5	
Total	5,721	(1,144)	4,577	(12,533)	2,506	(10,027)	

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

Unit: Thousand Baht

		statements
Scharate	ппанска	statements

		T. P						
	2016			2015				
	Tax				Tax	_		
	(expense)			(expense)				
	Before tax	benefit	Net of tax	Before tax	benefit	Net of tax		
Available-for-sale financial assets	9,846	(1,969)	7,877	(12,539)	2,507	(10,032)		
Provisions	(2,325)	465	(1,860)	(147)	29	(118)		
Total	7,521	(1,504)	6,017	(12,686)	2,536	(10,150)		

Reconciliation between the average effective tax rate and the applicable tax rate for the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015, are as follows:

Unit: Thousand Baht

Consolidated financial statements

	20	016	2015	
	<u>Rate (%)</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Rate (%)</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Profit before income tax expense		67,699	_	159,316
Income tax using the Thai corporation tax rate	20	13,540	20	31,863
Effect From elimination with subsidiaries		1,052		12,752
Exemption of income/Additional expenses deduction allowed		(4,254)		(3,399)
Expense net deductible for tax purposes and other		1,028	_	1,422
Current income tax		11,366		42,638
Movement in temporary differences		1,444		190
Income tax reduction			_	
Income tax expenses	19	12,810	27	42,828

Unit: Thousand Baht

Separate financial statements

	20	016	2015	
	<u>Rate (%)</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Rate (%)</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Profit before income tax expense		60,472	_	215,921
Income tax using the Thai corporation tax rate	20	12,094	20	43,184
Exemption of income/Additional expenses deduction allowed		(3,678)		(2,805)
Expense net deductible for tax purposes and other		259	_	960
Current income tax		8,675		41,339
Movement in temporary differences		1,184		46
Income tax expenses	16	9,859	19	41,385

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

The income tax expenses is computed from the profit before income tax, which is in accordance with the regulation in the Revenue Code.

Income tax reduction

Revenue Code Amendment Act No. 42 B.E. 2559 dated 3 March 2016 grants a reduction of the corporate income tax rate to 20% of net taxable profit for accounting periods which begin on or after 1 January 2016.

26. Earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 were based on the profit for the periods attributable to equity holders of the parent and the number of ordinary shares outstanding during the periods by using weighted average number of ordinary shares computing as follows:

Unit: Thousand Baht/ Thousand Shares

	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial st	atements	financial statements	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	54,641	116,646	50,613	174,535
Number of ordinary shares outstanding	60,000	60,000	60,000	60,000
Less Written-off treasury shares	(5,045)	-	(5,045)	-
Less Treasury share (See note 20)	-	(5,800)	-	(5,800)
Add Sale treasury share (See note 20)	961		961	
Weighted average number of paid-up ordinary share				
in issue during the periods	55,916	54,200	55,916	54,200
Basic earnings per share (Baht)	0.98	2.15	0.90	3.22

27. Financial instruments

Financial risk management policies

The Group is exposed to normal business risks from changes in market interest rates and currency exchange rates and from nonperformance of contractual obligations by counterparties. The Group does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for speculative or trading purposes.

Risk management is integral to the whole business of the Group. The Group has a system of controls in place to create an acceptable balance between the cost of risks occurring and the cost of managing the risks. The management continually monitors the Group's risk management process to ensure that an appropriate balance between risk and control is achieved.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

Capital management

The Board of Directors' policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Board monitors the return on capital, which the Group defines as result from operating activities divided by total shareholders' equity, excluding non-controlling interests and also monitors the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future movements in market interest rates will affect the results of the Company and its subsidiaries' operations and its cash flows because deposits at banks, bank overdrafts and borrowings from financial institutions interest rates are fluctuations in market interest rates.

As at 31 December 2016, significant financial assets and liabilities of the Company and its subsidiaries were exposed from the interest rates as follows:

Unit: Thousand Baht

Consolidated financial statements

		Fixed Rate					
				Adjusted	No		Interest
	Within 1	1 – 5	>5	to market	interest		rates (%
	year	years	years	rate	rates	Total	per annum)
Financial assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	82,539	14,939	97,478	0.375
Current investment	-	-	-	-	412,567	412,567	-
Debt securities held to maturity	,						
within one year	16,000	-	-	-	-	16,000	4.33-5.80
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	252,732	252,732	-
Bank deposit held as							
collateral	30,000	2,001	-	-	-	32,001	1.70
Other long-term investments	-	47,026	13,000	-	52,931	112,957	3.00-6.00
Loan to employee	-	-	-	-	25	25	-
Financial liabilities							
Trade and other payable	-	-	-	-	302,446	302,446	-

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

Unit: Thousand Baht

Senarate	financial	statements

		Fixed Rate					
				Adjusted	No		Interest
	Within 1	1 – 5		to market	interest		rates (%
	year	years	>5 years	rate	rates	Total	per annum)
Financial assets							
Cash and cash equivalent	-	-	-	55,354	992	56,346	0.375
Current investment	-	-	-	-	342,076	342,076	-
Debt securities held to maturity							
within one year	16,000	-	-	-	-	16,000	4.33-5.80
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	177,305	177,305	-
Bank deposit held as collateral	30,000	2,001	=	-	-	32,001	1.70
Other long-term investments	-	47,026	13,000	-	52,931	112,957	3.00-6.20
Loan to employee	-	-	-	-	25	25	-
Financial liabilities							
Trade and other payable	-	-	-	-	207,386	207,386	-

As at 31 December 2015, significant financial assets and liabilities of the Company and its subsidiaries were exposed from the interest rates as follows:

Consolidated	financial	ctatamante
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		Fixed Rate					
				Adjusted	No		Interest
	Within 1	1 – 5		to market	interest		rates (%
	year	years	>5 years	rate	rates	Total	per annum)
Financial assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	75,171	9,932	85,103	0.375
Current investment	=	-	-	-	346,994	346,994	-
Debt securities held to maturity	7						
within one year	20,000	-	-	-	-	20,000	4.00-6.20
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	310,539	310,539	-
Bank deposit held as							
collateral	30,000	2,001	-	-	-	32,001	2.60
Other long-term investments	-	31,000	25,000	-	60,418	116,418	4.00-6.20
Loan to employee	=	-	-	-	350	350	-
Financial liabilities							
Trade and other payable	=	-	-	-	272,262	272,262	-

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

Unit: Thousand Baht

Separate financial statements

	Fixed Rate						
			_	Adjusted	No		Interest
	Within 1	1 - 5		to market	interest		rates (%
	year	years	>5 years	rate	rates	Total	per annum)
Financial assets							
Cash and cash equivalent	-	-	-	28,963	4,111	33,074	0.375
Current investment	-	-	-	-	323,832	323,832	-
Debt securities held to maturity							
within one year	20,000	-	-	-	-	20,000	4.00-6.20
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	234,538	234,538	-
Bank deposit held as collateral							
	30,000	2,001	-	-	-	32,001	2.60
Other long-term investments	-	31,000	25,000	-	60,418	116,418	4.00-6.20
Loan to employee	-	-	-	-	300	300	-
Financial liabilities							
Trade and other payable	-	-	-	-	211,037	211,037	-

Foreign currency risk

At 31 December 2016 and 2015, the Group were exposed to foreign currency risk in respect of financial assets and liabilities denominated in the following currencies:

	Consolidated		Sepai	rate
	financial st	atements	financial st	atements
	2016	2015	2016	2015
United States Dollars		_		_
Cash and deposits at banks	12,852	1,797	-	-
Trade and other receivable	19,098	5,369	-	-
Equipment	384	368	-	-
Other assets	-	132	-	-
Other payable	(25,272)	(6,282)		_
Gross balance sheet exposure	7,062	1,384		-

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

Credit risk

Credit risk is the potential financial loss resulting from the failure of a customer or counterparty to settle its financial and contractual obligations to the Group as and when they fall due.

Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. Credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. At the reporting date there were no significant concentrations of credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the statement of financial positions. However, due to the large number of parties comprising the Group's customer base, Management does not anticipate material losses from its debt collection.

Liquidity risk

The Group monitors its liquidity risk and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to finance the Group's operations and to mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

Fair Value Measurement

The Financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method with different level defined as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as price) or indirectly (that is ,derived from prices)
- Level 3 Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable input).

The financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value at 31 December 2016

Unit: Thousand Baht

Consolidated financial Statements

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Asset				
Short-term investment	-	30,327	-	30,327
Held for trading securities (private fund)	-	376,475	-	376,475
Held for trading securities (Marketable equity securities)	5,765	-	-	5,765
Available for sale securities (Marketable equity securities)	52,932	5,026	-	57,958
Total asset	58,697	411,828	-	470,525

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

Unit: Thousand Baht

Separate	financial	Statements
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	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Asset				
Short-term investment (Private fund)	-	30,327	-	30,327
Held for trading securities (Unit fund)	-	305,984	-	305,984
Held for trading securities (Marketable equity securities)	5,765	-	-	5,765
Available for sale securities (Marketable equity securities)	52,932	5,026	-	57,958
Total asset	58,697	341,337	-	400,034

The financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value at 31 December 2015

Unit: Thousand Baht

Consolidated financial Statements

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Asset				
Short-term investment	-	28,242	-	28,242
Held for trading securities (private fund)	-	313,925	-	313,925
Held for trading securities (Marketable equity securities)	4,827	-	-	4,827
Available for sale securities (Marketable equity securities)	60,418	-	-	60,418
Total asset	65,245	342,167	-	407,412

Unit: Thousand Baht

Separate financial Statements

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Asset				
Short-term investment (Private fund)	-	28,242	-	28,242
Held for trading securities (Unit fund)	-	290,763	-	290,763
Held for trading securities (Marketable equity securities)	4,827	-	-	4,827
Available for sale securities (Marketable equity securities)	60,418	-	-	60,418
Total asset	65,245	319,005	-	384,250

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2016

Valuation method of fair value for Level 2 input

Investments in fund trust are fair valued using unit price base on Net Asset Value (NAV) of the funds that are publicized by the FundManager.

28. Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group capital management are to maintain their ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain an appropriate structure.

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, debt-to-equity ratio in the consolidated financial statement was 0.43:1 and 0.44:1, respectively, and the separate financial statement was 0.30:1 and 0.35:1, respectively.

29. Commitments and contingent liabilities

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, the Company had commitments and contingent liabilities, which are not disclosed in other places in these financial statement, as follows:

The Company's land and building and fixed deposits of the Group directors as well as personal guarantee by the Company's directors and its subsidiary's directors were used as collateral for obtaining overdrafts facilities of the Company and its subsidiaries from several banks amounting to Baht 41 million.

The director's government bonds amounting to Baht 500,000 are used as collateral for issuing bank guarantee for the Company's electricity consumption with respect to the contract with Metropolitan Electricity Authority.

30. Other information

As at 31 December 2016 and 2015, net asset per share in the consolidated financial statements are Baht 15.48 per shares and Baht 15.36 per shares, respectively, and for the separate financial statements are Baht 14.75 per shares and Baht 14.69 per shares, respectively.

31. Approval of financial statement

The financial statements are authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 24 February 2017.